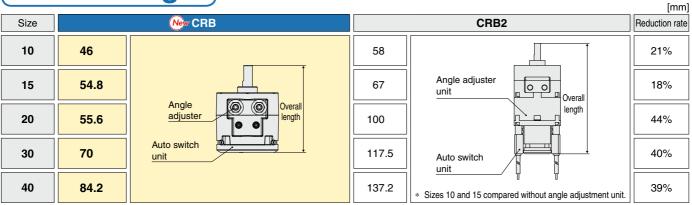


Overall length



Weight

Size		CRB2	Reduction rate			
10	39	42	7%			
15	62	68	9%	Pi		
20	115	222	48%	Ch.		
30	216	387	44%			
40	380	631	40%			
Compared with CRB2 (rotating angle: 90° with angle adjustment unit and						

[0]

auto switch). (Sizes 10 and 15 compared without angle adjustment unit.)

iping, wiring, and angle adjustment can be erformed on the same side for easier mounting.

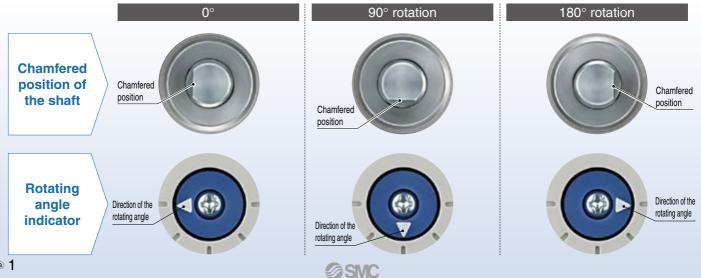
Piping

Hexagon wrench

Easy-to-adjust start and end position with the angle adjustment bolts (adjustment as standard). Rotating angle: 90°±10° 180°±10° (Size: 20, 30, 40)

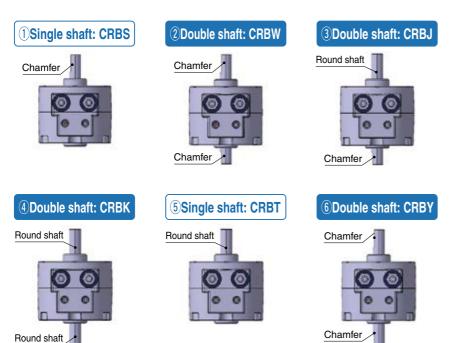
Compact solid state auto switch D-M9□

> The chamfered position of the shaft can be easily checked using the rotating angle indicator. (Only for CDRB with auto switch)



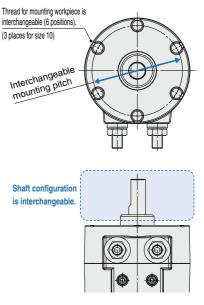
Shaft type variations

 $\ast\,$ If an auto switch is mounted, choose single shaft (options $\underline{()}$ and $\underline{(5)}$).

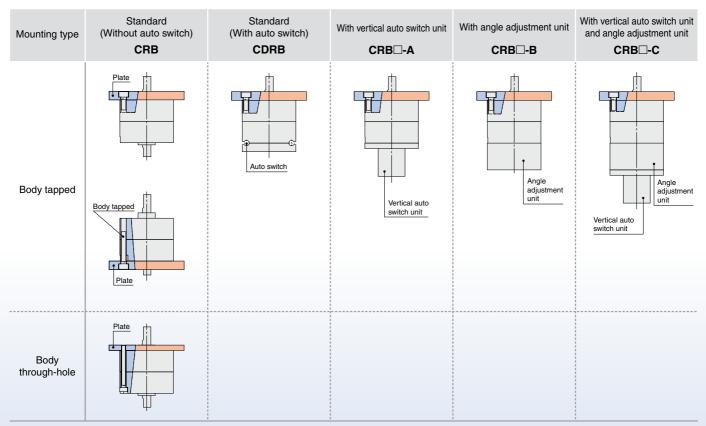




The mounting pitch and shaft configuration are the same as those for the CRB2.



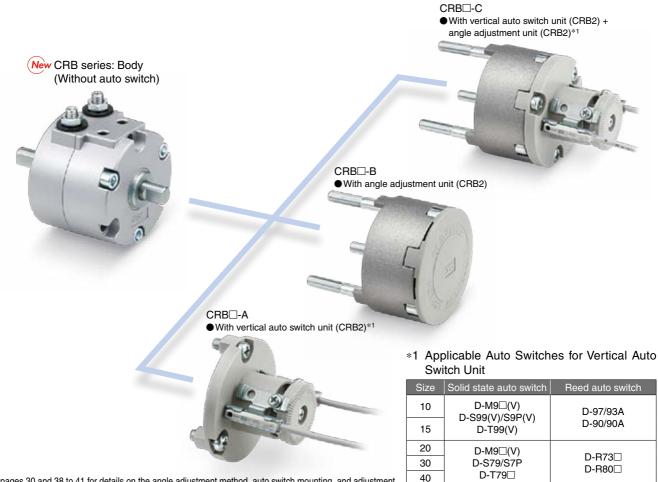
Mounting



* Flange mounting bracket assembly is available as an option. For details, refer to page 36.

Each of the units below for the CRB2 series can be mounted to the new CRB series.

- The vertical auto switch unit and angle adjustment unit are the same as those of the CRB2 series. Replacement of just the new CRB body can be done during maintenance.
- Each of the units for the CRB2 series can be mounted to the new CRB without auto switch (in the case of CRBW).



Refer to pages 30 and 38 to 41 for details on the angle adjustment method, auto switch mounting, and adjustment.

Series Variations

Model	Туре	Applicable auto switch	Vane type	Size	Rotating angle	Shaft Single shaft		Rotating angle range
CRB	Standard (Without auto switch)	—				•	•	$90^{\circ}\pm10^{\circ}$ (One side $\pm5^{\circ}$) $180^{\circ}\pm10^{\circ}$ (One side $\pm5^{\circ}$) (Sizes 20, 30, and 40 only)
CDRB	Standard (With auto switch)	D-M9⊡		10		•	_	$90^{\circ}\pm10^{\circ}$ (One side $\pm5^{\circ}$) $180^{\circ}\pm10^{\circ}$ (One side $\pm5^{\circ}$) (Sizes 20, 30, and 40 only)
CRB-A	With vertical auto switch unit (CRB2)	Refer to the applicable auto switches shown in the table above.*1	Single vane	10 15 20 30	90° 180°	•	_	90°±10° (One side ±5°) 180°±10° (One side ±5°) (Sizes 20, 30, and 40 only)
CRBB	With angle adjustment unit (CRB2)	_		40		•	_	0 to 85° (90° specification) 0 to 175° (180° specification) (For sizes 10 and 15) 0 to 100° (90° specification) 0 to 190° (180° specification) (For sizes 20, 30, and 40)
CRBD-C	With vertical auto switch unit (CRB2) With angle adjustment unit (CRB2)	Refer to the applicable auto switches shown in the table above.*1				•	_	0 to 85° (90° specification) 0 to 175° (180° specification) (For sizes 10 and 15) 0 to 100° (90° specification) 0 to 190° (180° specification) (For sizes 20, 30, and 40)



CONTENTS

Vane Type Rotary Actuator CRB Series







P. 5	Model
Vane Type Rotary Actuator CRB Series	
How to Orderp. 15Specificationsp. 16Constructionp. 18Dimensionsp. 20	CRB

Vane Type Rotary Actuator	
With Vertical Auto Switch Unit	
CRB -A Series	
How to Order	p. 25
Construction	p. 26
Dimensions	p. 27

Vane Type Rotary Actuator With Angle Adjustment Unit CRB□-B Series With Vertical Auto Switch Unit and Angle Adjustment Unit CRB□-C Series	
How to Order p. 29	BB
Construction p. 31	CH CH
Dimensions p. 32	Unit
Component Unit p. 37	ponent

Auto Switch Mounting	p. 38	Com
Prior to Use Auto Switch Connections and Examples	p. 42	
Specific Product Precautions	p. 43	witch ting
 Prior to Use Auto Switch Connections and Examples Specific Product Precautions Safety Instructions 	cover	Auto S Moun



Selection

CRB

Rotary Actuator Model Selection

CONTENTS

1	Calculation of Moment of Inertia	p. 7
	● Equation Table of Moment of Inertia	· p. 7
	Calculation Example of Moment of Inertia	•
	● Graph for Calculating the Moment of Inertia	· p. 9
2	Calculation of Required Torque	p. 10

●Load Type	10
● Effective Torque ······p.	10

p. 10

р. 13

3 Confirmation of Rotation Time

4 Calculation of Kinetic Energy p. 11 • Allowable Kinetic Energy and Rotation Time Adjustment Range p. 11 • Moment of Inertia and Rotation Time p. 12 5 Confirmation of Allowable Load p. 12

6	Calculation of Air Consum	ption and Rec	uired Air Flow	Capacity

Inner Volume and Air Consumption	р. 13
• Air Consumption Calculation Graph	p. 14

Rotary Actuator Model Selection

Selection Procedures	Note	Selection Example	L L
List of Operating Conditions			ectic
 Initially selected models Operating pressure [MPa] Mounting orientation Load type Static load 	The unit for the rotating angle is radian. 180° = π rad 90° = π /2 rad	Load 2 r = 10, 0.1 kg 23 23 23 30 0.15 kg 0.15 kg	Model Selection
Resistance load Inertial load • Load dimensions [m] • Load mass [kg] • Rotation time [s] • Rotating angle [rad]		$ \begin{array}{c} \hline & & \\ & & \\ \hline \hline & & \\ \hline \hline & & \\ \hline \hline \\ \hline & & \\ \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline$	CRB
Calculation of Moment of			
Calculate the inertial moment of load.	Loads are generated from multiple parts. The inertial moment of each load is calculated, and then totaled.	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Inertial moment of load 1: } I_1 \\ I_1 = 0.15 \ x \ \frac{0.06^2 + 0.03^2}{12} + 0.15 \ x \ 0.025^2 = 0.00015 \\ \mbox{Inertial moment of load 2: } I_2 \\ I_2 = 0.1 \ x \ \frac{0.01^2}{2} + 0.1 \ x \ 0.04^2 = 0.000165 \\ \mbox{Total inertial moment: } I \\ I = I_1 + I_2 = 0.000315 \ [kg \cdot m^2] \end{array}$	CRB□-A
2 Calculation of Required T	orque		
Calculate the required torque for each load type and confirm whether the values fall in the effective torque range.	When the resistance load is rotated, the required torque calculated from the inertial load must be added.	Inertial load: Ta Ta = $1 \cdot \dot{\omega}$ $\dot{\omega} = \frac{2\theta}{t^2} [rad/s^2]$	
 Static load (Ts) Required torque T = Ts Resistance load (Tf) Required torque T = Tf x (3 to 5) Inertial load (Ta) Required torque T = Ta x 10 	Required torque T = Tf x (3 to 5) + Ta x 10	$\omega = \frac{1}{t^2} [rad/s^2]$ Required torque: T T = Ta x 10 = 0.000315 x $\frac{2 x \pi}{0.6^2}$ x 10 = 0.055 [N·m] 0.055 N·m < Effective torque OK	CRBB/CRBC
3 Confirmation of Rotation	Time		Ц Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н Н
Confirm whether the time falls in the rotation time adjustment range.	Consider the time after converted in the time per 90°. (0.6 s/180° is converted in 0.3 s/90°.)	0.04 ≤ t ≤ 0.5 t = 0.3 s/90° OK	Component Unit
4 Calculation of Kinetic Energy	ergy		one
Calculate the kinetic energy of the load and confirm whether the energy is below the allowable range.	If the energy exceeds the allowable range, a suitable cushioning mechanism such as a shock absorber must be externally installed.	Kinetic energy: E $E = \frac{1}{2} \cdot I \cdot \omega^{2}$ $\omega = \frac{2 \cdot \theta}{t}$	Comp
		$E = \frac{1}{2} \times 0.000315 \times \left(\frac{2 \times \pi}{0.6}\right)^2 = 0.01725 \text{ [J]}$ 0.01725 [J] < Allowable energy OK	Auto Switch Mounting
5 Confirmation of Allowable	e Load		Mot
Confirm whether the load applied to the product is within the allowable range.	If the load exceeds the allowable range, a bearing or similar must be externally installed.	Thrust load: M 0.15 x 9.8 + 0.1 x 9.8 = 2.45 [N] 2.45 [N] < Allowable thrust load OK	<
6 Calculation of Air Consur	nption and Required Air Flow Cap	pacity	
Air consumption and required air flow capacity are calculated when necessary.			

Rotary Actuator Model Selection

Calculation of Moment of Inertia

The moment of inertia is a value indicating the inertia of a rotating body, and expresses the degree to which the body is difficult to rotate, or difficult to stop.

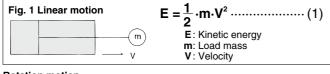
It is necessary to know the moment of inertia of the load in order to determine the value of required torque or kinetic energy when selecting a rotary actuator.

Moving the load with the actuator creates kinetic energy in the load. When stopping the moving load, it is necessary to absorb the kinetic energy of the load with a stopper or a shock absorber.

The kinetic energy of the load can be calculated using the formulas shown in Fig. 1 (for linear motion) and Fig. 2 (for rotation motion).

In the case of the kinetic energy for linear motion, the formula (1) shows that when the velocity V is constant, it is proportional to the mass m. In the case of rotation motion, the formula (2) shows that when the angular velocity ω is constant, it is proportional to the moment of inertia.

Linear motion



Rotation motion

Fig. 2 Rotation motion	$\mathbf{E} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \mathbf{I} \cdot \boldsymbol{\omega}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \mathbf{m} \cdot \mathbf{r}^2 \cdot \boldsymbol{\omega}^2 \dots \dots (2)$ $\mathbf{E}: \text{ Kinetic energy}$ $\mathbf{I}: \text{ Moment of inertia } (= \mathbf{m} \cdot \mathbf{r}^2)$
	ω: Angular velocity m : Mass r : Radius of rotation

Equation Table of Moment of Inertia

1. Thin shaft

Position of rotational axis: Perpendicular to the shaft through the center of gravity

$$I = \mathbf{m} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{a}^2}{12}$$

2. Thin rectangular plate

Position of rotational axis: Parallel to side b and through the center of gravity

$$I = \mathbf{m} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{a}^2}{12}$$

3. Thin rectangular plate (Including rectangular parallelepiped)

Position of rotational axis: Perpendicular to the plate through the center of gravity

$$I = \mathbf{m} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{a}^2 + \mathbf{b}^2}{12}$$

4. Round plate (Including column) Position of rotational axis: Through the center axis **r**2 2

$$l = m \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

5. Solid sphere

Position of rotational axis: Through the center of diameter

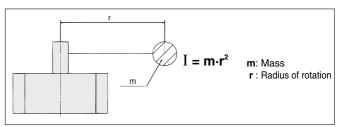
$$I = \mathbf{m} \cdot \frac{2\mathbf{r}^2}{5}$$

As the moment of inertia is proportional to the squares of the mass and the radius of rotation, even when the load mass is the same, the moment of inertia will be squared as the radius of rotation grows bigger. This will create greater kinetic energy, which may result in damage to the product.

When there is rotation motion, product selection should be based not on the load mass of the load, but on the moment of inertia.

Moment of Inertia Formula

The basic formula for obtaining a moment of inertia is shown below.



This formula represents the moment of inertia for the shaft with mass m, which is located at distance r from the shaft. For actual loads, the values of the moment of inertia are calculated depending on configurations, as shown below.

 \Rightarrow p. 8 Calculation example of moment of inertia

 \Rightarrow p. 9 Graph for calculating the moment of inertia

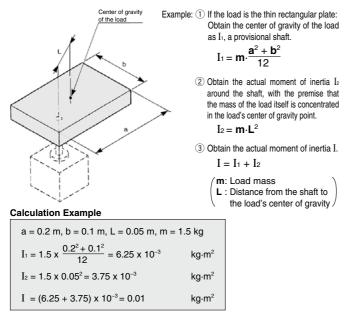
1: Moment of inertia m: Load mass
6. Thin round plate
Position of rotational axis: Through the
center of diameter

$$I = \mathbf{m} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{r}^2}{4}$$

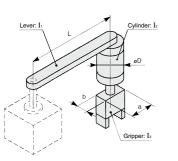
7. Cylinder
Position of rotational axis: Through the
center of diameter and gravity
 $I = \mathbf{m} \cdot \frac{3\mathbf{r}^2 + \mathbf{a}^2}{12}$
8. When the rotational axis and load center
of gravity are not consistent
 $I = K + \mathbf{m} \cdot L^2$
K: Moment of inertia around
the load center of gravity
4. Round plate $K = \mathbf{m} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{r}^2}{2}$
9. Gear transmission
1. Find the moment of inertia IB
for the rotation of shaft (B).
2. Is is converted to the moment of inertia
I a for the rotation of the shaft (A).
 $I = (\frac{\mathbf{a}}{\mathbf{b}})^2 \cdot IB$

Calculation Example of Moment of Inertia

If the shaft is located at a desired point of the load:



If a lever is attached to the shaft and a cylinder and a gripper are mounted to the tip of the lever:

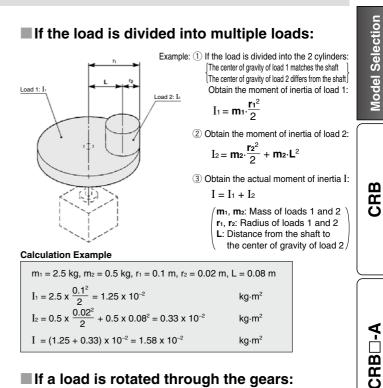


 $I_1 = \mathbf{m}_1 \cdot \frac{\mathbf{L}^2}{3}$ 2 Obtain the cylinder's moment of inertia: $I_2 = \mathbf{m}_2 \cdot \frac{(\mathbf{D}/2)^2}{2} + \mathbf{m}_2 \cdot \mathbf{L}^2$ ③ Obtain the gripper's moment of inertia:

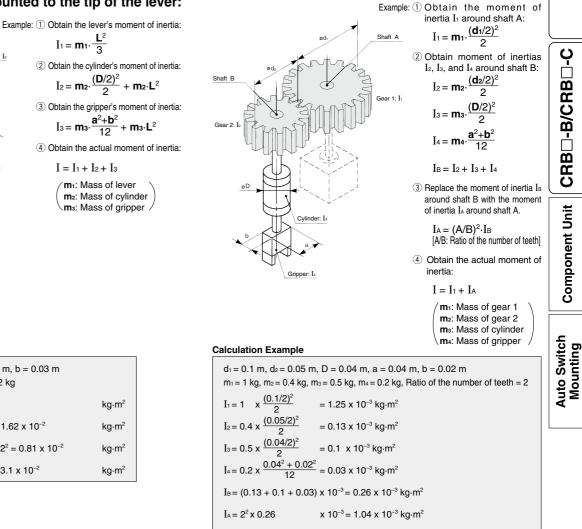
$$I_3 = \mathbf{m}_3 \cdot \frac{\mathbf{a}^2 + \mathbf{b}^2}{12} + \mathbf{m}_3 \cdot \mathbf{L}^2$$

(4) Obtain the actual moment of inertia:

 $I = I_1 + I_2 + I_3$ m1: Mass of lever m2: Mass of cylinder .m₃: Mass of gripper →



If a load is rotated through the gears:



x 10⁻³ = 2.29 x 10⁻³ kg⋅m²

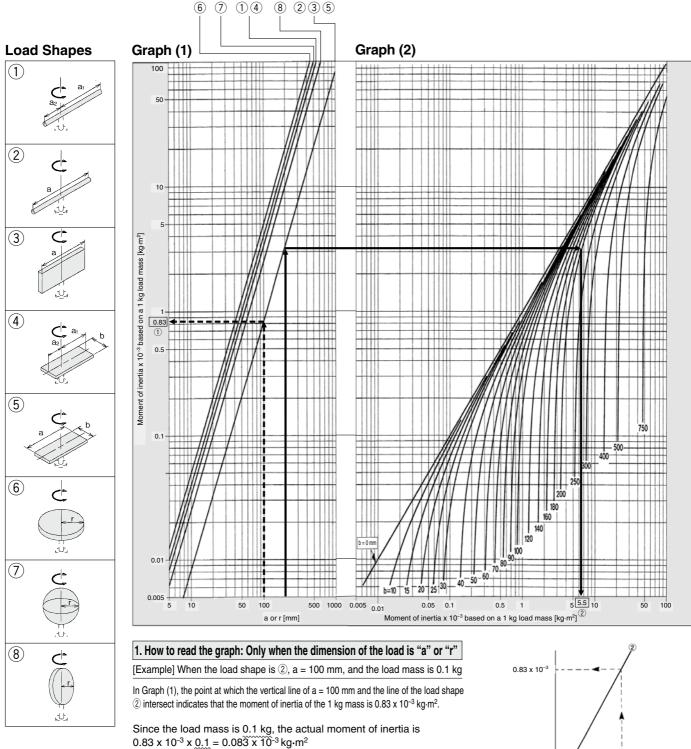
Calculation Example

L = 0.2 m, $\&D$ = 0.06 m, a = 0.06 m, b = 0.03 m m ₁ = 0.5 kg, m ₂ = 0.4 kg, m ₃ = 0.2 kg	
$I_1 = 0.5 \text{ x} \frac{0.2^2}{3} = 0.67 \text{ x} 10^{-2}$	kg∙m²
$I_2 = 0.4 x \frac{(0.06/2)^2}{2} + 0.4 x 0.2^2 = 1.62 x 10^{-2}$	kg∙m²
$I_3 = 0.2 \ x \ \frac{0.06^2 + 0.03^2}{12} + 0.2 \ x \ 0.2^2 = 0.81 \ x \ 10^{-2}$	kg⋅m²
I = (0.67 + 1.62 + 0.81) x 10^{-2} = 3.1 x 10^{-2}	kg∙m²

I = (1.25 + 1.04)

Rotary Actuator Model Selection

Graph for Calculating the Moment of Inertia



(Note: If "a" is divided into "a1a2", the moment of inertia can be obtained by calculating them separately.)

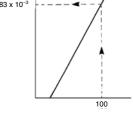
2. How to read the graph: When the dimension of the load contains both "a" and "b"

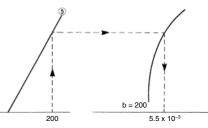
[Example] When the load shape is (5), a = 200 mm, b = 200 mm, and the load mass is 0.5 kg

In Graph (1), obtain the point at which the vertical line of a = 200 mm and the line of the load shape (5) intersect. Move this intersection point to Graph (2), and the point at which it intersects with the curve of b = 200 mm indicates that the moment of inertia of the 1 kg mass is 5.5×10^{-3} kg·m².

SMC

Since the load mass is 0.5 kg, the actual moment of inertia is $5.5 \times 10^{-3} \times 0.5 = 2.75 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$

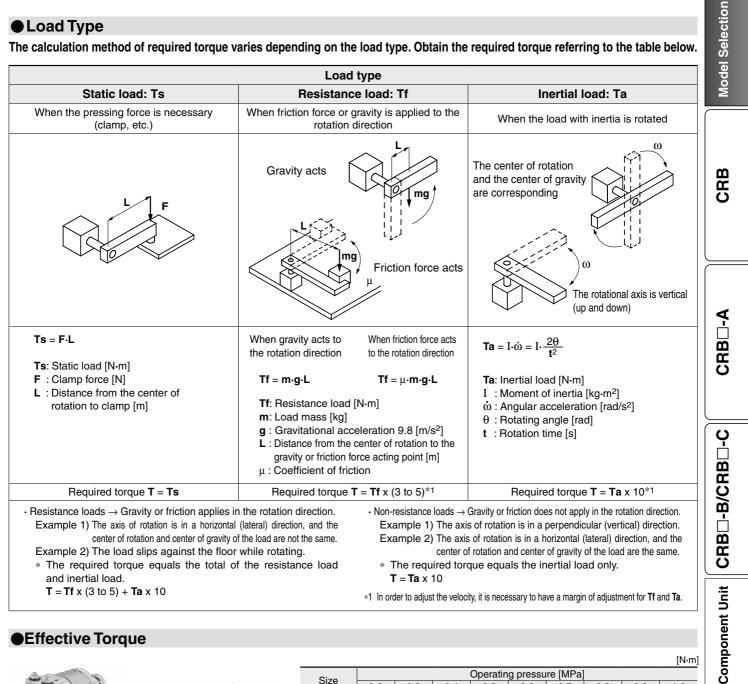




Calculation of Required Torque

Load Type

The calculation method of required torgue varies depending on the load type. Obtain the required torgue referring to the table below.



Effective Torque



									[N·m]
Size				Operatin	g pressu	ire [MPa]			
Size	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
10	0.03	0.06	0.09	0.12	0.15	0.18	—	—	—
15	0.10	0.17	0.24	0.32	0.39	0.46	_	_	_
20	0.23	0.39	0.54	0.70	0.84	0.99	—	—	—
30	0.62	1.04	1.39	1.83	2.19	2.58	3.03	3.40	3.73
40	1.21	2.07	2.90	3.73	4.55	5.38	6.20	7.03	7.86

Confirmation of Rotation Time

Rotation time adjustment range is specified for each product for stable operation. Set the rotation time within the rotation time specified below.

		Rotation time adjustment range [S/90°]																	
Model	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.1	0.2	0.3	0	5		1	2	3	4	5		10	0	20	30
				Size: 10, 1	5, 20			ļ							ł				
CRB				Size	: 30			-			1								-
					Size: 40			Ì			l	- i	i	i	ł			i	i

SMC

If the product is used in a low speed range which is outside the adjustment range, it may cause the stick-slip phenomenon, or the product to stick or stop

-

Auto Switch Mounting

Rotary Actuator Model Selection

4 Calculation of Kinetic Energy

Kinetic energy is generated when the load rotates. Kinetic energy applies on the product at the operating end as inertial force, and may cause the product to damage. In order to avoid this, the value of allowable kinetic energy is determined for each product. Find the kinetic energy of the load, and verify that it is within the allowable range for the product in use.

Kinetic Energy

Use the following formula to calculate the kinetic energy of the load.

$$\mathbf{E} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \mathbf{I} \cdot \boldsymbol{\omega}^2$$

E: Kinetic energy [J]

I: Moment of inertia [kg·m²]

ω: Angular velocity [rad/s]

Angular Velocity

$$\omega = \frac{2\theta}{t}$$

ω: Angular velocity [rad/s]

θ: Rotating angle [rad] t: Rotation time [s]

⇒Below Allowable kinetic energy and rotation time adjustment range

 \Rightarrow p. 12 Moment of inertia and rotation time

To find the rotation time when kinetic energy is within the allowable range for the product, use the following formula.

When the angular velocity is $\omega = \frac{2\theta}{t}$

$$\mathbf{t} \ge \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot \mathbf{I} \cdot \mathbf{\theta}^2}{\mathbf{E}}}$$

t : Rotation time [s]

- I : Moment of inertia [kg·m²]
- θ: Rotating angle [rad]

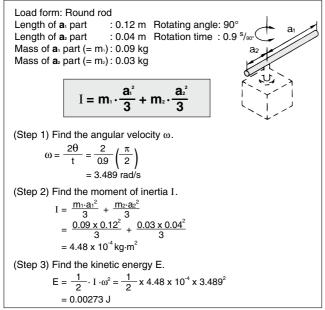
E: Allowable kinetic energy [J]

Allowable Kinetic Energy and Rotation Time Adjustment Range

Allowable Kinetic Energy and Rotation Time Adjustment Range

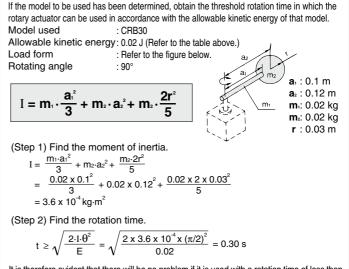
Size	Allowable kinetic energy [J]	Adjustable range of rotation time safe in operation [\$/90°]
10	0.00015	
15	0.001	0.03 to 0.5
20	0.003	
30	0.020	0.04 to 0.5
40	0.040	0.07 to 0.5

Calculation Example



Calculation Example

SMC



It is therefore evident that there will be no problem if it is used with a rotation time of less than 0.30 s. However, according to the table above, the maximum value of rotation time for stable operation is 0.5 s. Thus, the rotation time should be within the range of $0.30 \le t \le 0.50$.

Moment of Inertia and Rotation Time

How to read the graph

Example 1) When there are constraints for the moment of inertia of load and rotation time. From "Graph (3)", to operate at the load moment of inertia 1 x 10⁻⁴ kg·m² and at the rotation time setting of 0.3 ^S/_{90°},

the model will be CRB□30.

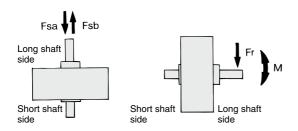
Example 2) When there are constraints for the moment of inertia of load, but not for rotation time. From "Graph (3)", to operate at the load moment of inertia 1 x 10^{-5} kg·m²: (CRB15 will be 0.22 to 0.5 $^{S/90^{\circ}}$) (CRB20 will be 0.13 to 0.5 $^{S/90^{\circ}}$)

> [Remarks] As for the rotation times in "Graph (3)", the lines in the graph indicate the adjustable speed ranges. If the speed is adjusted towards the low-speed end beyond the range of the line, it could cause the actuator to stick, or, in the case of the vane type, it could stop its operation.

Graph (3) Size: 10 to 40 CRB40 10⁻³ CRB30 Moment of inertia [kg·m²] CRB20 10-4 CRB15 10-5 CRB10 10-6 10-7 10-8 0.03 03 05 01 Rotation time [s/90°]

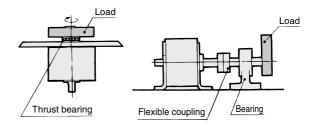
5 Confirmation of Allowable Load

Provided that a dynamic load is not generated, a load in the axial direction can be applied up to the value that is indicated in the table below. However, applications in which the load is applied directly to the shaft should be avoided as much as possible.



Vane Type (Single, Double)

Series	Size		Load d	irection	
Series	Size	Fsa [N]	Fsb [N]	Fr [N]	M [N·m]
	10	9.8	9.8	14.7	0.13
	15	9.8	9.8	14.7	0.17
CRB	20	19.6	19.6	24.5	0.33
	30	24.5	24.5	29.4	0.42
	40	40	40	60	1.02



Model Selection

CRB

CRB -A

Component Unit CRBD-B/CRBD-C

SMC

6 Calculation of Air Consumption and Required Air Flow Capacity

Air consumption is the volume of air which is expended by the rotary actuator's reciprocal operation inside the actuator and in the piping between the actuator and the switching valve, etc. This is necessary for selection of a compressor and for calculation of its running cost. Required air volume is the air volume necessary to make a rotary actuator operate at a required speed. It requires calculation when selecting the upstream piping diameter from the switching valve and air line equipment.

* To facilitate your calculation, the table below provide the air consumption volume (QCR) that is required each time an individual rotary actuator makes a reciprocal movement.

1Air consumption volume

Formula

Re	Regarding QCR: With vane type, use formula (1) because the inner vol- ume varies when ports A and B are pressurized.							
	$Q_{CR} = (V_A + V_B) \times \left(\frac{P + 0.1}{0.1}\right) \times 10^{-3} \cdots$	··(1)						
	$Q_{CP} = 2 \times a \times L \times \left(-\frac{P}{0.1} \right) \times 10^{-6}$	(2)						
	Qc = Qcr + Qcp	(3)						
QCF	a = Amount of air consumption of rotary actuator	[L (ANR)]						
QCP	e = Amount of air consumption of tube or piping	[L (ANR)]						
VA	= Inner volume of the rotary actuator (when pressurized from A po	rt) [cm ³]						
٧в	= Inner volume of the rotary actuator (when pressurized from B po	rt) [cm ³]						
Р	= Operating pressure	[MPa]						
L	= Length of piping	[mm]						
а	= Inner sectional area of piping	[mm²]						
Qc	= Amount of air consumption required for one cycle of the rotary actuator	[L (ANR)]						

To select a compressor, it is important to select one that has plenty of margin to accommodate the total air volume that is consumed by the pneumatic actuators that are located downstream. The total air consumption volume is affected by the leakage in the tube, the consumption in the drain valves and pilot valves, as well as by the reduction in air volume due to reduced temperature.

Formula $\mathbf{Q}_{c2} = \mathbf{Q}_{c} \times \mathbf{n} \times No.$ of actuators x Safety factor...(4)

 $\mathbf{Qc}_2 = Amount of air from a compressor$

n = Actuator reciprocations per minute

Safety factor: From 1.5

2 Required air flow capacity

Formula

$\mathbf{Q}_{r} = \left\{ \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{B}} \mathbf{x} \left(\frac{\mathbf{P} + 0.1}{0.1} \right) \mathbf{x} \ 10^{-3} + \mathbf{a} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{x} \left(\frac{\mathbf{P}}{0.1} \right) \mathbf{x} \ 10^{-6} \right\} \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{v} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{x} x$	<u>60</u>	· (5)
$\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{r}} = \left\{ \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{A}} \times \left(\frac{\mathbf{P} + 0.1}{0.1} \right) \times 10^{3} + \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{L} \times \left(\frac{\mathbf{P}}{0.1} \right) \times 10^{-6} \right\} \times -$	<u>60</u>	· (6)
Qr = Consumed air volume for rotary actuator	[L/min	(ANR)]
$\ensuremath{\textbf{V}}\xspace =$ Inner volume of the rotary actuator (when pressurized from .	A port)	[cm³]
$V_B =$ Inner volume of the rotary actuator (when pressurized from	B port)	[cm³]

Ρ	= Operating pressure	[MPa]
L	= Length of piping	[mm]
а	= Inner sectional area of piping	[mm ²]
t	= Total time for rotation	[S]

Internal Cross Section of Tubing and Steel Tube

Nominal	O.D. [mm]	I.D. [mm]	Internal cross section a [mm ²]	
T□ 0425	4	2.5	4.9	
T□ 0604	6	4	12.6	
TU 0805	8	5	19.6	
T□ 0806	8	6	28.3	
1/8B	—	6.5	33.2	
T🗆 1075	10	7.5	44.2 50.3	
TU 1208	12	8		
T🗆 1209	12	9	63.6	
1/4B	—	9.2	66.5	
TS 1612	16	12	113	
3/8B	—	12.7	127	
T🗆 1613	16	13	133	
1/2B	—	16.1	204	
3/4B	—	21.6	366	
1B	_	27.6	598	

 \Rightarrow p. 14 Air consumption calculation graph

Inner Volume and Air Consumption

												[L (ANR)]
Size	Rotating angle	Inner volu	ume [cm ³]	cm ³] Operating pressure [MPa]								
Size	(degree)	Press. VA port	Press. VB port	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
10	90	0.5	0.8	0.004	0.005	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.010	—	—	—
10	180	1.1	1.1	0.007	0.009	0.011	0.013	0.015	0.018	—	—	—
15	90	1.4	2.1	0.011	0.014	0.018	0.021	0.025	0.028	—	—	—
15	180	2.8	2.8	0.017	0.022	0.028	0.034	0.039	0.045	_	—	_
20	90	3.6	5	0.026	0.034	0.043	0.052	0.060	0.069	_	_	_
20	180	6.5	6.5	0.039	0.052	0.065	0.078	0.091	0.104	_	—	_
30	90	10.1	13.3	0.070	0.094	0.117	0.140	0.164	0.187	0.211	0.234	0.257
30	180	17.4	17.4	0.104	0.139	0.174	0.209	0.244	0.278	0.313	0.348	0.383
40	90	21.9	30	0.156	0.208	0.260	0.311	0.363	0.415	0.467	0.519	0.571
40	180	37.5	37.5	0.225	0.300	0.375	0.450	0.525	0.600	0.675	0.750	0.825

[L/min (ANR)]



Air Consumption Calculation Graph

Using Graph (4), air consumption volume of the rotary actuator is obtained. Step 1 From the point of intersection between the inner volume and the operating pressure (slanted line) and then looking to the side (left side) direction, the air consumption volume for 1 cycle operation of a rotary actuator is obtained. Using Graph (5), air consumption volume of tubing or Step 2

steel tube is obtained. (1) First determine the point of intersection between the operating pressure (slanted line)

and the piping length, and then go up the vertical line perpendicularly from there

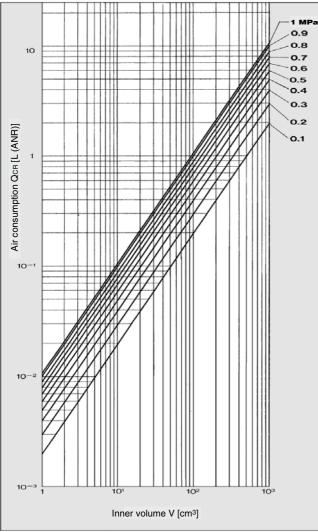
(2) From the point of intersection of an operating piping tube inside diameter (slanted line), then look to the side (left or right) to obtain the required air consumption volume for piping.

Step 3 Total air consumption volume per minute is obtained as follows: (Air consumption volume of a rotary actuator [unit: L (ANR)] + Tubing or steel tube's air consumption volume) x Cycle times per minute x Number of rotary actuators = Total air consumption volume

Example) When 10 units of a CRBS30-180 are used at a pressure of 0.5 MPa, what is the air consumption of their 5 cycles per minute? (Piping between the actuator and switching valve is a tube with an inside diameter of 6 mm and length of 2 m.)

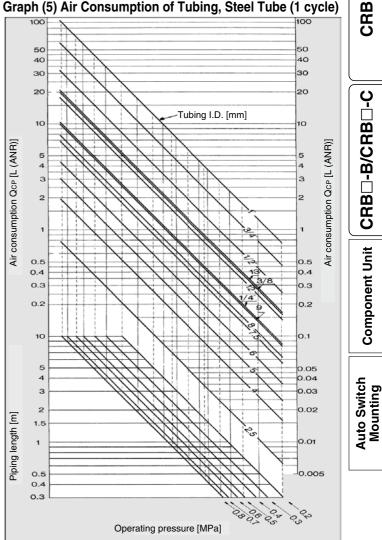
- 1. Operating pressure 0.5 MPa \rightarrow Inner volume of CRBS30-180 17.4 cm³ → Air consumption volume 0.21 L (ANR)
- 2. Operating pressure 0.5 MPa→ Piping length 2 m → Inside diameter 6 mm → Air consumption volume 0.56 L (ANR)
- 3. Total air consumption volume = $(0.21 + 0.56) \times 5 \times 10 = 38.5 \text{ L/min}$ (ANR)

Graph (4) Air Consumption



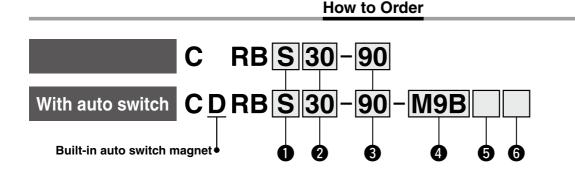
	1 cycle [cm ³]
Rotatin	g angle
90°	180°
0.8 (0.5)	1.1
2.1 (1.4)	2.8
5.0 (3.6)	6.5
13.3 (10.1)	17.4
30.0 (21.9)	37.5
	90° 0.8 (0.5) 2.1 (1.4) 5.0 (3.6) 13.3 (10.1)

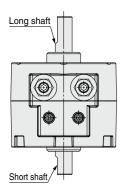
* Values inside () are inner volume of the supply side when A port is pressurized.



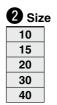
"Piping length" indicates the length of steel tube or tubing which connects rotary actuator and switching valves (solenoid valves, etc.). Refer to page 13 for the size of tubing and steel tube (inside diameter and outside diameter).

Vane Type Rotary Actuator **CRB Series** Size: 10, 15, 20, 30, 40





1 s	Shaft type										
Symbol	Choft turno	Shaft-en	id shape								
Symbol	Shaft type	Long shaft	Short shaft								
S	Single shaft*1	Single flat*2	—								
W	Double shaft	Single flat*2	Single flat								
J *3	Double shaft										
K *3	Double shaft	ouble shaft For details, refer to page 24.									
T *3	Single shaft*1	FOI UEIAIIS, IE	iei io page 24.								
Y *3	Double shaft										



-	Rotating
90	90°
180	180°

RoHS

*1 When an auto switch is mounted to the rotary actuator, only S and T are available.

*2 Size 40 has a parallel key instead of the chamfered position. *3 J, K, T, and Y are produced upon receipt of order.

4 Auto switch

- Nil Without auto switch (Built-in magnet)
- * For applicable auto switches, refer to the table below.

5 Lead wire length

receipt of order.

Nil	Grommet/Lead wire: 0.5 m
М	Grommet/Lead wire: 1 m
L	Grommet/Lead wire: 3 m
Z *1	Grommet/Lead wire: 5 m

*1 The 5 m lead wire is produced upon

	mber of auto itches
Nil	2
S	1

Applicable Auto Switches/Refer to the Web Catalog or Best Pneumatics Catalog for further information on auto switches.

	Electrical	light	M/inim m				Lead wire length [m]				Dro wirod			
Туре	entry	Indicator	Wiring (Output)	LOa	d voltage [DC]	Auto switch model	Lead wire type	0.5 (Nil)	1 (M)	3 (L)	5 (Z)	Pre-wired connector	Applica	able load
			3-wire (NPN)		5 V. 12 V	M9N	Oilproof	•	•	•	0	0	IC	D 1
Solid state auto switch	Grommet	Yes	3-wire (PNP)	24 V	5 V, 12 V	M9P	heavy-duty	•	•	•	0	0	circuit	Relay, PLC
auto switch			2-wire		12 V	M9B	cord	•		•	0	0	_	. 20

* Auto switches are shipped together, but not assembled.

 $\ast\,$ Auto switches marked with "O" are produced upon receipt of order.



Vane Type Rotary Actuator CRB Series

Model Selection

CRB

CRB -A



Symbol



Refer to pages 38 to 41 for actuators with auto switches

- · Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position (at Rotation End Detection)
- · Operating Angle and Hysteresis Angle
- · Operating Range and Hysteresis
- · How to Change the Auto Switch Detecting Position
- · Auto Switch Mounting
- · Auto Switch Adjustment

Flange mounting bracket assembly is available as an option. For details, refer to page 36.

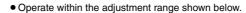
Specifications

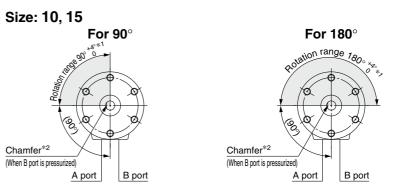
	Size	10	15	20	30	40			
Rotating	g angle range	90°+5° 0	90° ^{+4°}		90°±10°				
F locial		180°+5°	180° ^{+4°} 0		180°±10°				
Fluid				Air (Non-lube)					
Proof pr	ressure [MPa]		1.05		1.	.5			
Ambient a	ind fluid temperatures			5 to 60°C					
Max. oper	rating pressure [MPa]		0.7	1.0					
Min. oper	ating pressure [MPa]			0.2					
Rotation time	e adjustment range [\$/90°]*1		0.03 to 0.5		0.04 to 0.5	0.07 to 0.5			
Allowabl	e kinetic energy [J]	0.00015	0.001	0.003	0.02	0.04			
Shaft load	Allowable radial load	15	15	25	30	60			
[N]	Allowable thrust load	10	10	20	25	40			
Port size	e			M5 x 0.8					

Operate within the specified rotation time range. Operation below 0.5 s/90° may cause stick slip or *1 operation failure

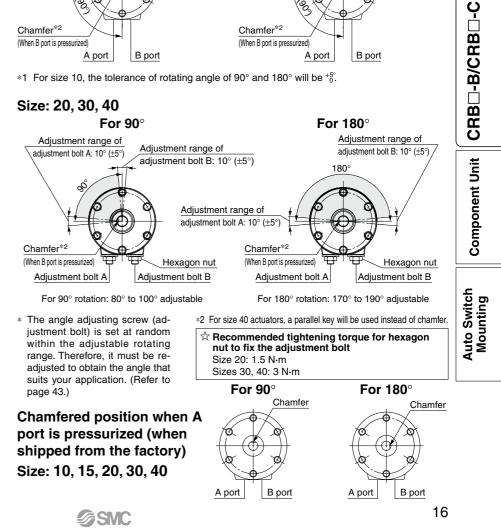
It is difficult to make adjustments during use if rotation time is changed to 0.5 s/90° or lower. Size 10 requires at least 0.35 MPa of operating pressure to reach the minimum rotation time (0.03 s/90°).

Chamfered Position and Rotation Range: Top View from Long Shaft Side Chamfered positions shown below illustrate the conditions of actuators when B port is pressurized.





*1 For size 10, the tolerance of rotating angle of 90° and 180° will be $^{+5^{\circ}}_{0.1}$



CRB Series

Inner Volume

										[cm ³]
Size	1	0	15		20		30		40	
Rotating angle	90°	180°	90°	180°	90°	180°	90°	180°	90°	180°
Inner volume	0.8 (0.5)	1.1	2.1 (1.4)	2.8	5 (3.6)	6.5	13.3 (10.1)	17.4	30 (21.9)	37.5

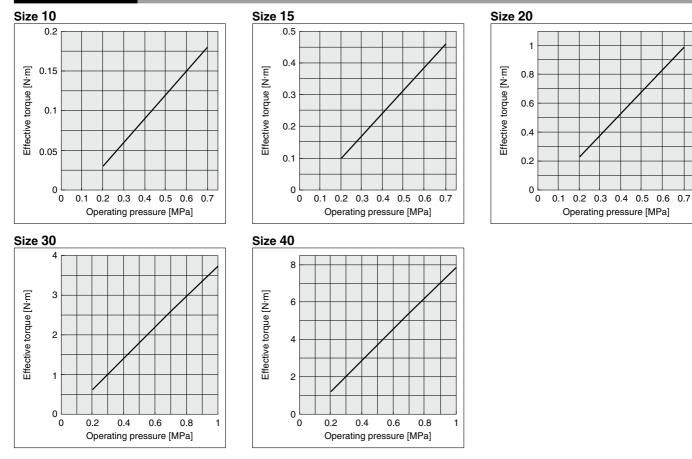
* Values inside () are inner volume of the supply side when A port is pressurized.

Weight

										[g]	
Size	1	10		15		20		30		40	
Rotating angle	90°	180°	90°	180°	90°	180°	90°	180°	90°	180°	
Basic type (S shaft)	26 (27)	25 (26)	46 (47)	45 (46)	107 (110)	105 (107)	198 (203)	192 (197)	366 (378)	354 (360)	
With auto switch	39	38	62	61	115	112	216	209	380	367	

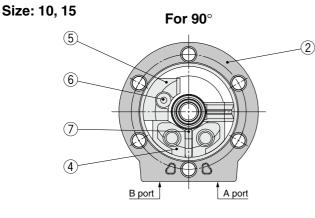
(): For W shaft

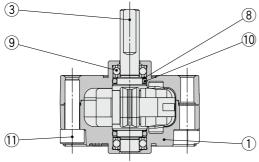
Effective Output



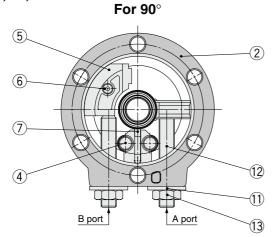
Construction: Standard Type (Without Auto Switch)

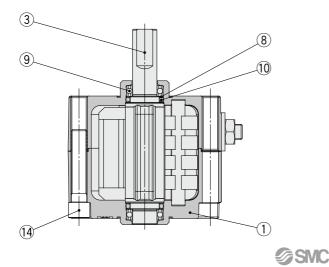
• Following figures show actuators when B port is pressurized.

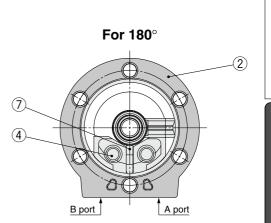




Size: 20, 30, 40







Model Selection

CRB

Component Unit CRBD-B/CRBD-C

Auto Switch Mounting

Component Parts

No.	Description	Material	Note	L
1	Body (A)	Aluminum alloy	Painted	ſ
2	Body (B)	Aluminum alloy	Painted	
3	Vane shaft	Stainless steel		
4	Stopper	Resin		
5	Stopper for 90°	Resin	For 90°	
6	Holding rubber	NBR	For 90°	L
7	Stopper seal	NBR	Special seal	
8	Back-up ring	Stainless steel		L
9	Bearing	Bearing steel		
10	O-ring	NBR		
11	Hexagon socket head cap screw	Chrome molybdenum steel	Special screw	L

For 180°

Component Parts

	•		
No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Body (A)	Aluminum alloy	Painted
2	Body (B)	Aluminum alloy	Painted
3	Vane shaft	Stainless steel*1	
4	Stopper	Resin	
5	Stopper for 90°	Resin	For 90°
6	Holding rubber	NBR	For 90°
7	Stopper seal	NBR	Special seal
8	Back-up ring	Stainless steel	
9	Bearing	Bearing steel	
10	O-ring	NBR	
11	Seal washer	NBR	
12	Adjustment bolt	Chrome molybdenum steel	
13	Hexagon nut	Steel wire	
14	Hexagon socket head cap screw	Chrome molybdenum steel	Special screw

*1 The material is chrome molybdenum steel for sizes 30 and 40.

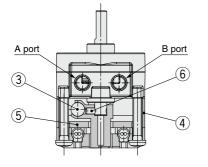
CRB Series

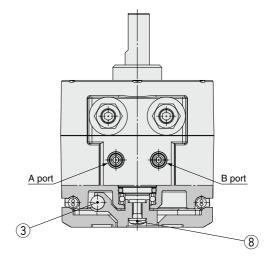
Construction: Standard Type (With Auto Switch)

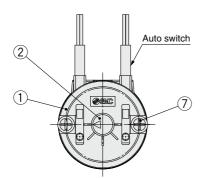
• Following figures show actuators when B port is pressurized.

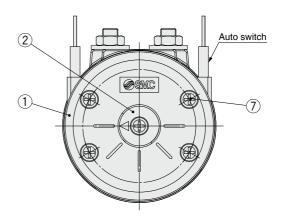
Size: 10, 15

Size: 20, 30, 40





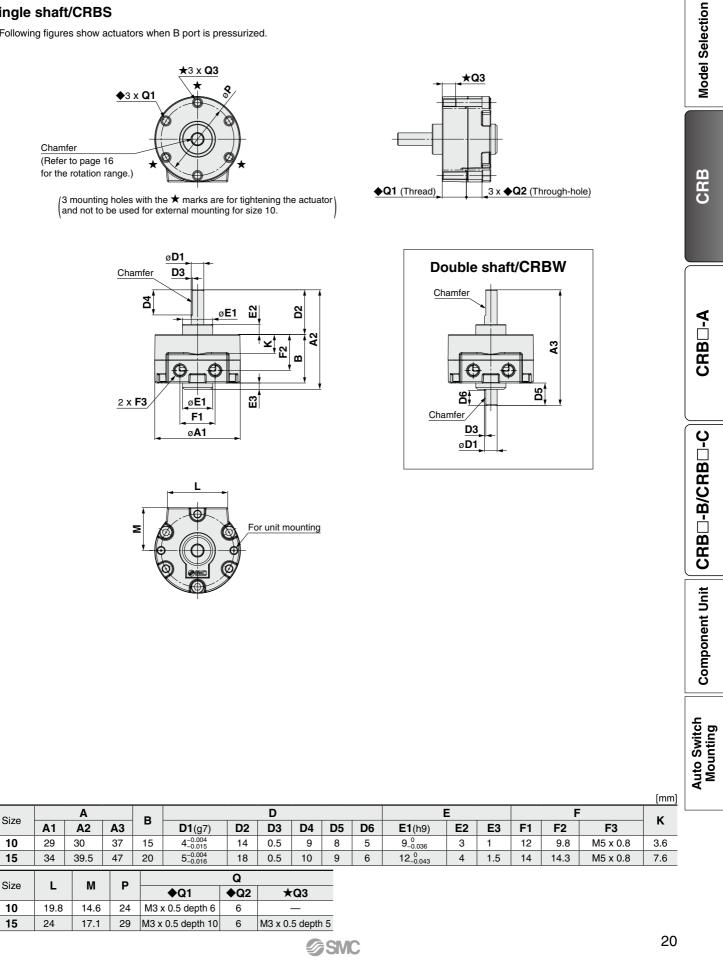




Component Parts

No.	Description	Material
1	Cover	Resin
2	Magnet holder	Resin
3	Magnet	Magnetic material
4	Body C	Resin
5	Switch plate	Aluminum alloy
6	Spring pin	Stainless steel
7	Cross recessed round head screw	Chrome molybdenum steel*1
8	Cross recessed round head screw	Chrome molybdenum steel

*1 The material is stainless steel for sizes 10 and 15.

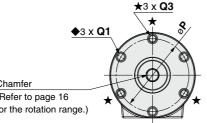


★Q3

Dimensions: Standard Type (Without Auto Switch) 10, 15

Single shaft/CRBS

• Following figures show actuators when B port is pressurized.



CRB Series

Dimensions: Standard Type (Without Auto Switch) 20, 30, 40

Single shaft/CRBS

• Following figures show actuators when B port is pressurized.

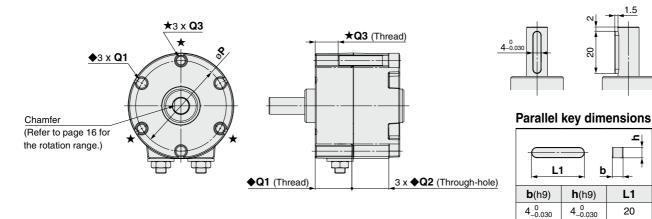
For size 40

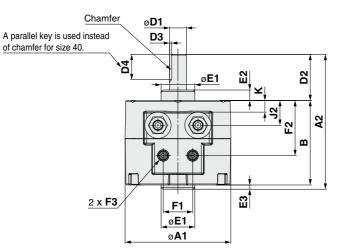
1.5

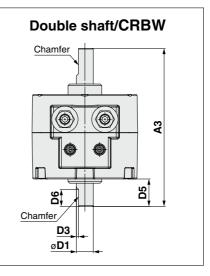
2

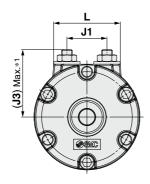
L1

20









																[mm]
Size		Α		в			D					E			F	
Size	A1	A2	A3	P	D1 (g7)	D1(g7) D2		D4	D5	D6	E1 (h9)	E2	E3	F1	F2	F3
20	42	50.5	59	29	6 ^{-0.004}	20	0.5	10	10	7	14 ⁰ _{-0.043}	4.5	1.5	13	18.3	M5 x 0.8
30	50	64	75	40	8-0.005	22	1	12	13	8	16 ⁰ _{-0.043}	5	2	14	26	M5 x 0.8
40	63	79.5	90	45	10 ^{-0.005}	30	1	—	15	9	25_0_0	6.5	4.5	20	31.1	M5 x 0.8
											0.002					
Cine		J		K					Q		0.002		1	1		1
Size	J1	J J2	J3	ĸ	L	Р	•	ີ21	Q ¢Q	2	★Q3	-	1	1		
Size 20	J1 16	J J2 7.1	J3 27.4	- к -	L 28	-	♦(M4 x 0.7		♦ Q			-	1	1		
	-	-			L	36	•	depth 10	•Q: 0 11	M4	★ Q3	-	1	1		
20	16	7.1	27.4	_	L 28	36 43	M4 x 0.7	depth 10 depth 19	 ◆Q 0 11 5 16.8 	M4 5 M5	★Q3 x 0.7 depth 7.5		1	1		

SMC

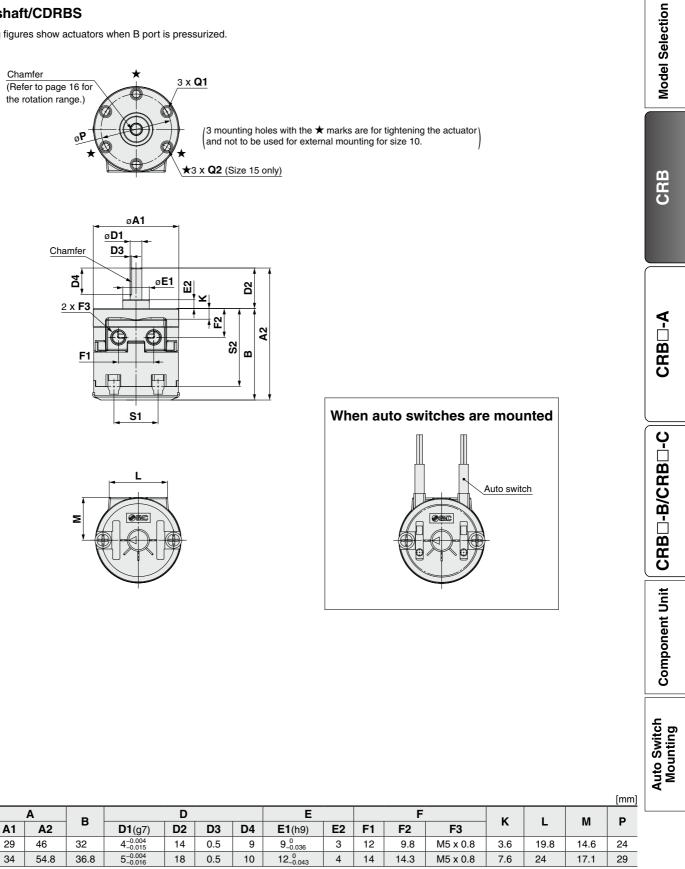
*1 J3-dimension is not the dimension at the time of shipment, since its dimension is for adjustment parts.

Vane Type Rotary Actuator CRB Series

Dimensions: Standard Type (With Auto Switch) 10, 15

Single shaft/CDRBS

• Following figures show actuators when B port is pressurized.



SMC

Size	(S	
Size	♦ Q1	★Q2	S1	S2
10	M3 x 0.5 depth 6	—	15	27
15	M3 x 0.5 depth 10	M3 x 0.5 depth 5	19	32.2

Size

10

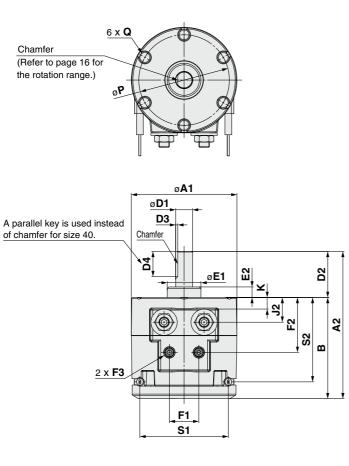
15

CRB Series

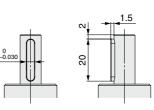
Dimensions: Standard Type (With Auto Switch) 20, 30, 40

Single shaft/CDRBS

• Following figures show actuators when B port is pressurized.

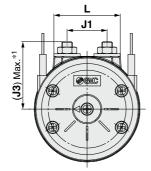


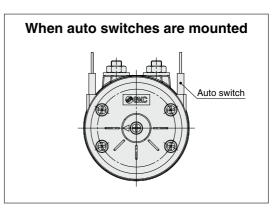




Parallel key dimensions

	b b	
b (h9)	h (h9)	L1
4_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0	4_0.030	20





																	[mm]		
0:		Α	в		C		D				E			F			J		ĸ
Size	A1	A2		D1 (g7))2	D3	D4	E1 (h9)	E2	F1	F2	F3	J1	J2	J3	K		
20	42	55.6	35.6	6 ^{-0.004}	2	20	0.5	10	14 ⁰ _{-0.043}	4.5	13	18.3	M5 x 0.8	16	7.1	27.4			
30	50	70	48	8-0.005	2	22	1	12	16 ⁰ _{-0.043}	5	14	26	M5 x 0.8	19	11.8	32.7	5.5		
40	63	84.2	54.2	10-0.005	3	30	_	-	25_0_0_2	6.5	20	31.1	M5 x 0.8	28	15.8	44.1	9.5		
	1					S													
Size	L	P		Q	S1	S	62												
20	28	36	M4 x 0.7	depth 10	37	28	3.6												
30	31.5	43	M5 x 0.8	8 depth 15	42	40	D.1												
40	40	56	M5 x 0.8	8 depth 20	52	45	5.2												

SMC

*1 J3-dimension is not the dimension at the time of shipment, since its dimension is for adjustment parts.

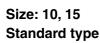
Vane Type Rotary Actuator CRB Series

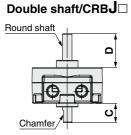


Double shaft/CRB $K\square$

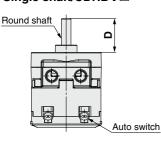
Round shaft

Round shaft

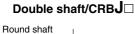


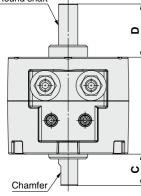


With auto switch Single shaft/CDRB**T**□



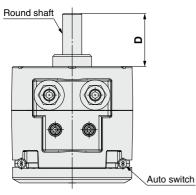
Size: 20, 30, 40 Standard type





With auto switch

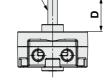
Single shaft/CDRB**T**□



Round shaft

Double shaft/CRB $K\square$

Single shaft/CRBT



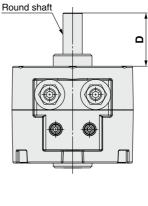
Double shaft/CRBY

Chamfer

		[mm]
Size	10	15
С	8	9
D	14	18

* The dimensions of the shaft and chamfer are the same as those of the standard type. Dimensions of parts different from the standard type conform to the general tolerance.

Single shaft/CRBT□



Double shaft/CRB $Y\square$

Chamfer

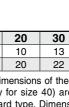
A parallel key is used instead of chamfer for size 40.

[mm]) 40 3 15

 D
 20
 22
 30

 * The dimensions of the shaft and chamfer (a parallel key for size 40) are the same as those of the standard type. Dimensions of parts different from the standard type conform to the general tolerance.

TD Double



Size

С

SMC

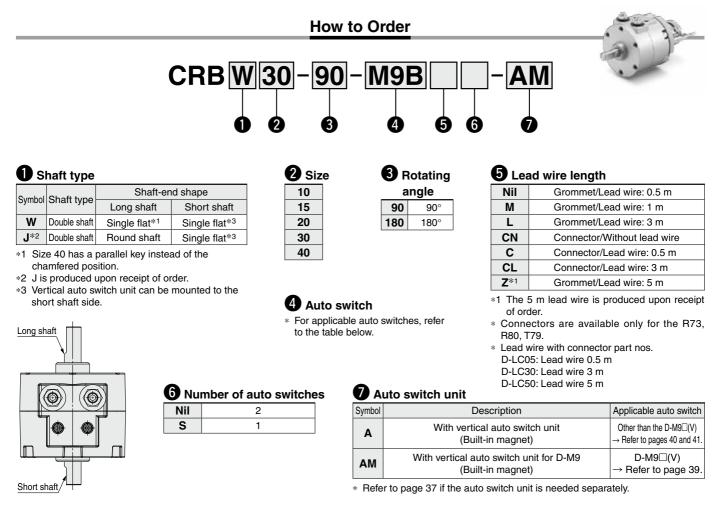
Auto Switch Mounting

Model Selection

CRB

CRB -A

Vane Type Rotary Actuator With Vertical Auto Switch Unit CRB - A Series Size: 10, 15, 20, 30, 40



Applicable Auto Switches/Refer to the Web Catalog or Best Pneumatics Catalog for further information on auto switches.

Appli-		Casaial		Indicator light	Wiring		Load vo	ltaga	Auto swit	oh model		Le	ad wi	ire ler	ngth [m]	Dre udred	المعال	aabla
cable	Туре	Special function	Electrical entry	ator			LUau Vu	maye	Auto Swit	cirmouei	Lead wire	0.5	1	3	5	None	Pre-wired connector	Appli	
size		TUTICUOT	enuy	lidi	(Output)		DC	AC	Perpendicular	In-line	type	(Nil)	(M)	(L)	(Z)	(N)	COLINECTOL	load	
					3-wire (NPN)		5 V,		M9NV	M9N					0	-	0	IC	
	Solid				3-wire (PNP)]	12 V		M9PV	M9P	Oilproof				0	—	0	circuit	
	state			Yes	2-wire		12 V		M9BV	M9B	heavy-duty				0	—	0	—	
For	auto	_		ies	3-wire (NPN)		5 V,	_	S99V	S99	cord		—		0	—	0	IC	
10,	switch		Grommet		3-wire (PNP)	24 V	12 V		S9PV	S9P					0	—	0	circuit	Relay,
15			Giommet		2-wire	24 V	12 V		T99V	T99			—		0	—	0	—	PLC
15	Reed			No				5 V, 12 V, 24 V	—	90	Vinyl parallel cord		—			—		IC	
	auto			NU	2-wire		5 V, 12 V, 100 V	5 V, 12 V, 24 V, 100 V	—	90A	Oilproof heavy-duty cord		—			—		circuit	
	switch			Yes				—	—	97	Vinyl parallel cord		—			—			
	switch			163				100 V	—	93A	Oilproof heavy-duty cord		—						
					3-wire (NPN)		5 V,		M9NV	M9N					0		0	IC	
	Solid				3-wire (PNP)		12 V		M9PV	M9P					0		0	circuit	
	state		Grommet		2-wire		12 V		M9BV	M9B					0		0		
For	auto	—	Cionnet	Yes	3-wire (NPN)		5 V,	—		S79			—		0		0	IC	
20,	switch				3-wire (PNP)		12 V		—	S7P	Oilproof		—		0	—	0	circuit	Relay,
30,	omion				2-wire	24 V	12 V		—	T79	heavy-duty		—		0	—	0		PLC
40			Connector		2 1110					T79C	cord		—				—		1.50
40	Reed		Grommet	Yes			_	100 V	_	R73					0	<u> </u>		_	
	auto		Connector		2-wire				_	R73C			_						1
	switch		Grommet	No	2		- ,		_	R80			—		0	<u> </u>	-	IC circuit	1
	Chinon		Connector	110			—	24 V or less	—	R80C			—					—	

* Auto switches are shipped together, but not assembled.

* Auto switches marked with "O" are produced upon receipt of order.



Vane Type Rotary Actuator With Vertical Auto Switch Unit **CRB** - **A** Series

		We	eight						
Specifications, rotation	n range, inner							[g]	Ę
volume, and effective			Size	10	15	20	30		Model Selection
same as those of the	standard type.		tating angle	90° 180°	90° 180°			180° 90° 180°	lec
(→ p. 16, 17)			sic type	27 26	47 46	110 107		197 378 360	Sel
		Vei	tical auto switch unit	15	20	28	38	43	
		FIG	nge mounting bracket a	scombly is avai	lable as an or	tion For dotail	s rofor to	nago 36	b d
		Tia	inge mounting bracket a	ssembly is avai	lable as all of			page 30.	ž
Construction. Wi									
Construction: Wi	th vertical A	uto s		 Compone 	nts other than tho	se specified below ar	re the same	as those found on page 18.	
D-M9 □							<u>ر</u> ل		
			<u> </u>						
Size: 10, 15		Siz	e: 20, 30		Si	ze: 40		_	m
A nort	Dinart								CRB
A port	<u>B port</u>			বা		1.			υ
	3) (
			ിക കി				1	st l	
				n 3		-			
	9								
	4			9			IĘUG		
	2			4		Ĩ,			
Т '	14			2		l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l			
	Ψ		Ψ	(14)		Ų	I	15	4
			Į			ļ			
							L	<u>т</u>	m
(11	\ \		<u></u>	(11)		<u>d</u>			CRB□-A
)			1		le l	-	- Ž	O
							THUR DE LE		
	5					L. al			
16				Ŷ				se 🞯	(U
							<u></u>	//	CRBB/CRBC
D-S/T99(V) D-S7P	D-90/90A								
D-S9P(V) D-97/9	3A D-R73/80								
D-S/T79□		_					A T		O
			ф						B
Size: 10, 15 👘		Siz	e: 20, 30		Si	ze: 40	<u>H</u>	٦	
ĮĮ									
	7			3		₽7			
				4				¥	U
पुरुपिरु	5						•		
	-12						<u></u>		Component Unit
	13			12		1			
	ſ			13		f - f			eu
Ш							Æ		Š
Ч						H.			ğ
			L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L			L. L			l o
						Ť			U U
						<u>d</u>		<u><u></u></u>	
				3		J	- the second sec	Ĺ	
				1		[/	THE REAL PROPERTY AND INC.		g t
	9								ti ši
	y								Sun
6			A. Carment	×.			- Standard	× 6	Auto Switch Mounting
I I	\cdot			8		\checkmark		<i>i</i>]	⋖ ¯
• · - ·		~	· • ·		-			~	
Component Parts			nponent Parts			nponent Pa			
No. Description	Material	No.	Description	Material	No.	Descript		Material	
1 Cover (A) 2 Cover (B)	Resin		Switch block (B) Switch block	Resin Resin	<u> </u>	Cross recessed round Cross recessed round		Stainless steel Stainless steel	
2 Cover (B) 3 Magnet lever	Resin Resin	<u>8</u> 9	Magnet	nesin	14	Rubber cap	u neau screw	NBR	
4 Holding block	Stainless steel		Hexanon socket set screw	Stainless st			ar i	Stainless steel	

* For size 10, there are 2 pcs. of 1 cross recessed round head screws.

Stainless steel

Aluminum alloy

Resin

10 Hexagon socket set screw

11 Cross recessed round head screw

12 Cross recessed round head screw

4

5

6

Holding block

Holding block (B)

Switch block (A)



Stainless steel

Stainless steel

Stainless steel

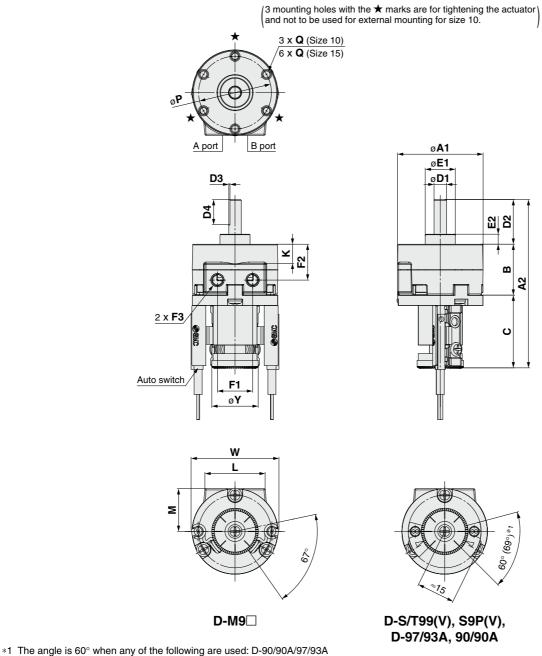
Stainless steel

16 Switch holder

CRB - A Series

Dimensions: With Vertical Auto Switch Unit (10, 15)

• Following figures show actuators when B port is pressurized.



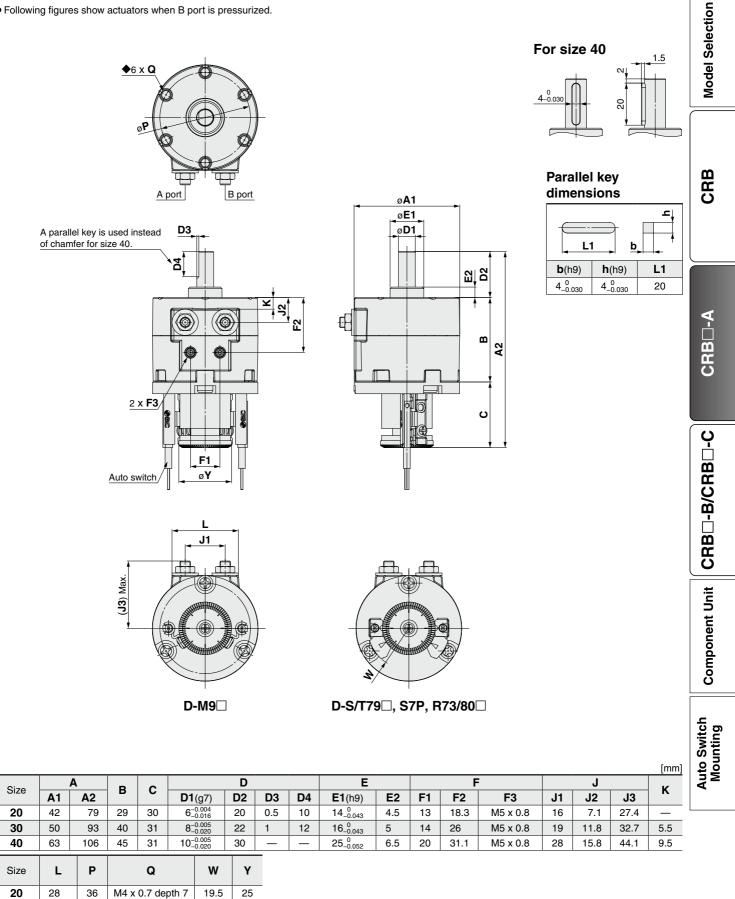
The angle is 69° when any of the following are used: D-S99(V)/T99(V)/S9P(V)

																	[mm]
Size		A	в	С		D			E			F		к		м	Р
Size	A1	A2			D1 (g7)	D2	D3	D4	E1 (h9)	E2	F1	F2	F3	r.	L		F
10	29	58	15	29	4 ^{-0.004} -0.015	14	0.5	9	9_0_0_0	3	12	9.8	M5 x 0.8	3.6	19.8	14.6	24
15	34	67	20	29	5 ^{-0.004} -0.016	18	0.5	10	12 _{-0.043}	4	14	14.3	M5 x 0.8	7.6	24	17.1	29
Size		Q		w	Y												
10	M3 x	0.5 dep	th 6	35	18.5												
15	M3 x	0.5 dep	th 5	35	18.5												
27	SMC .																

Vane Type Rotary Actuator With Vertical Auto Switch Unit **CRB** - **A** Series

Dimensions: With Vertical Auto Switch Unit (20, 30, 40)

• Following figures show actuators when B port is pressurized.



25

31

19.5

22.5

31.5

40

30

40

43

56

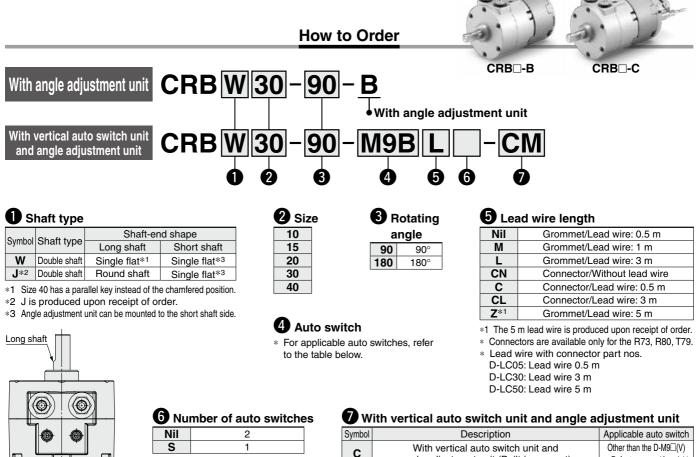
M5 x 0.8 depth 10

M5 x 0.8 depth 10

Vane Type Rotary Actuator

With Angle Adjustment Unit/With Vertical Auto Switch Unit and Angle Adjustment Unit

-B/CRB-C Series Size: 10, 15, 20, 30, 40 RoHS



Short shaft,

Symbol	Description	Applicable auto switch
С	With vertical auto switch unit and angle adjustment unit (Built-in magnet)	Other than the D-M9 \Box (V) \rightarrow Refer to pages 40 and 41.
СМ	With vertical auto switch unit for D-M9 and angle adjustment unit (Built-in magnet)	D-M9□(V) \rightarrow Refer to page 39.

* Refer to page 37 if either unit is needed separately.

Applicable Auto Switches/Refer to the Web Catalog or Best Pneumatics Catalog for further information on auto switches.

Appli-		Crasial	Fleetwisel	Indicator light	Wiring		Loodyr	ltogo	Auto swite	ah madal		Le	ad w	ire ler	ngth [m]	Dre wired	Annli	aabla
cable	Туре	Special function	Electrical entry	ator			Load vo	mage	Auto Swite	ch model	Lead wire	0.5	1	3	5	None	Pre-wired connector	Appli	
size		TUTICUUT	enuy	Indic	(Output)		DC	AC	Perpendicular	In-line	type	(Nil)	(M)	(L)	(Z)	(N)	CONTRECTO	load	
					3-wire (NPN)		5 V,		M9NV	M9N					0	—	0	IC	
	Solid				3-wire (PNP)		12 V		M9PV	M9P	Oilproof				0	—	0	circuit	
	state			Yes	2-wire		12 V		M9BV	M9B	heavy-duty				0	—	0		
For	auto			163	3-wire (NPN)		5 V,	_	S99V	S99	cord		_		0	—	0	IC	
10,	switch		Grommet		3-wire (PNP)	24 V	12 V		S9PV	S9P	colu		_		0	—	0	circuit	Relay,
15			Citoninet		2-wire	24 0	12 V		T99V	T99			—		0	—	0		PLC
10	Reed			No				5 V, 12 V, 24 V	—	90	Vinyl parallel cord		—			—		IC	
	auto			140	2-wire		5 V, 12 V, 100 V	0 V 5 V, 12 V, 24 V, 100 V	—	90A	Oilproof heavy-duty cord Vinyl parallel cord		_			—	—	circuit	
	switch			Yes	-		_		—	97			—			—		_	
	Switch			103				100 V	—	93A	Oilproof heavy-duty cord		—			—			
					3-wire (NPN)		5 V,		M9NV	M9N					0	—	0	IC	
	Solid				3-wire (PNP)		12 V		M9PV	M9P					0	—	0	circuit	
	state		Grommet		2-wire		12 V		M9BV	M9B					0	—	0	—	
For	auto	—	Citoninet	Yes	<u> </u>		5 V,	—	—	S79			—		0	—	0	IC	
20,	switch				3-wire (PNP)		12 V		—	S7P	Oilproof		_		0	—	0	circuit	Relay,
30,	omiton				2-wire	24 V	12 V		—	T79	heavy-duty		_		0	—	0	_	PLC
			Connector		2 1110		12 1		—	T79C	cord		_						1 20
40	Reed		Grommet	Yes			_	100 V	—	R73			—		0	—		_	
	auto		Connector		2-wire			—	—	R73C		\bullet	—				_		
	auto switch		Grommet	No	2 10110		48 V, 100 V	100 V	—	R80			—		0	—		IC circuit	
	Sinton		Connector	140			<u> </u>	24 V or less	—	R80C			_						

* Auto switches are shipped together, but not assembled.

* Auto switches marked with "O" are produced upon receipt of order.

Vane Type Rotary Actuator With Angle Adjustment Unit/With Vertical Auto Switch Unit and Angle Adjustment Unit With Angle Adjustment Unit/With Vertical Auto Switch Unit and Angle Adjustment Unit

Rotating Angle with Angle Adjustment Unit

- Drawings below are viewed from the long shaft side.
- Chamfered positions illustrate the conditions of actuators when B port is pressurized.
- Operate within the adjustment range.

For 90°

(2.5.

Adjustment range: 0° to 85°

Rotating angle with angle adjustment unit

Size: 10, 15

Chamfe

A port

Adjustment range: 0° to 175 Chamfe B port A port

For 180°

The shaded area shows the rotation adjustment range.

B port

Rotating Angle with Angle Adjustment Unit

Deteting angle (Redu)	Size					
Rotating angle (Body)	10	15				
90°	0 to	85°				
180°	0 to	175°				

Rotating Angle Adjustment Method

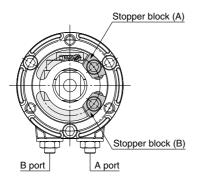


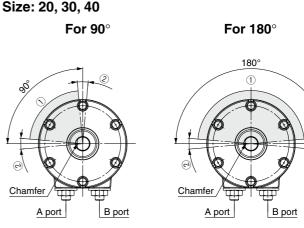
Fig. 1 Default position

Specifications, inner volume, and effective output are the same as those of the standard type. (→ p. 16, 17)

Weight

										[g]		
Size	1	0	1	5	2	0	3	0	4	0		
Rotating angle	90°	180°	90°	180°	90°	180°	90°	180°	90°	180°		
Basic type	27	27 26		27 26		46	110	107	203	197	378	360
Vertical auto switch unit	1	15		20		28		38		43		
Angle adjustment unit	3	30		47		90		50	2	03		

Flange mounting bracket assembly is available as an option. For details, refer to page 36.



The shaded area shows the rotation adjustment range.

\nearrow	Adjustment range	For 90°	For 180°
1	Angle adjustment unit	0° to 80°	0° to 170°
2	Adjustment bolt	90°±10° (One side ±5°)	180°±10° (One side ±5°)

- The rotating angle can be adjusted by moving the stopper blocks (A) and (B) shown in Fig. 1.
 - Fig. 1 shows the default position of the angle adjustment unit.
 - Fig. 1 shows size 20.
 - * Make adjustments when pressure is not being applied.
- Component Unit CRBD-B/CRBD-C

Model Selection

CRB

CRB -A

witch	ting
S	unt
Auto	Ř

CRB -B/CRB -C Series

Construction: With Angle Adjustment Unit, With Vertical Auto Switch Unit and Angle Adjustment Unit

With vertical auto switch unit and angle adjustment unit

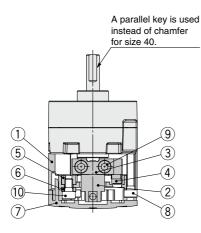
• Components other than those specified below are the same as those found on page 18.

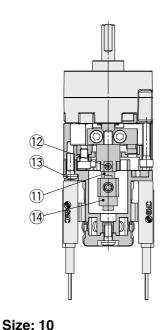
With angle adjustment unit

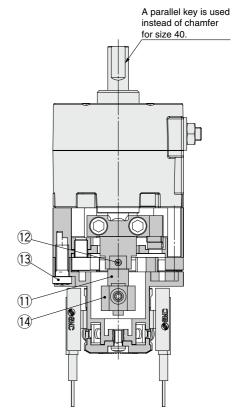
Size: 10, 15, 20, 30, 40

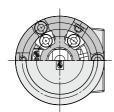
Size: 10, 15

Size: 20, 30, 40











SMC

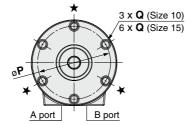
Component Parts

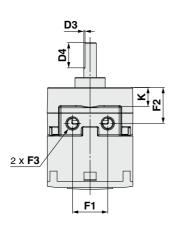
No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Stopper ring	Aluminum alloy	
2	Stopper lever	Chrome molybdenum steel	
3	Lever retainer	Rolled steel	Zinc chromated
4	Rubber bumper	NBR	
5	Stopper block	Chrome molybdenum steel	Zinc chromated
6	Block retainer	Rolled steel	Zinc chromated
7	Сар	Resin	
8	Hexagon socket head cap screw	Stainless steel	Special screw
9	Hexagon socket head cap screw	Stainless steel	Special screw
10	Hexagon socket head cap screw	Stainless steel	Special screw
11	Joint		
12	Hexagon socket set screw	Stainless steel	Hexagon nut will be
12	Hexagon nut	Stainless steel	used for size 10 only.
13	Cross recessed round head screw	Stainless steel	
14	Magnet lever	—	

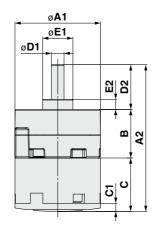
Dimensions: With Angle Adjustment Unit (10, 15)

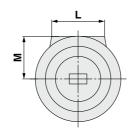
• Following figures show actuators when B port is pressurized.

 $(3 mounting holes with the <math>\bigstar$ marks are for tightening the actuator and not to be used for external mounting for size 10.









Auto Switch Mounting

Model Selection

CRB

CRB -A

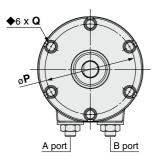
Component Unit CRB -B/CRB -C

																	[mm]
Size		Α	в	С	;		D			E			F		V		84
Size	A1	A2	P	С	C1	D1 (g7)	D2	D3	D4	E1 (h9)	E2	F1	F2	F3	K	L	M
10	29	48.5	15	19.5	3	4 ^{-0.004} -0.015	14	0.5	9	9_0.036	3	12	9.8	M5 x 0.8	3.6	19.8	14.6
15	34	59	20	21	3	5 ^{-0.004} -0.016	18	0.5	10	12_0.043	4	14	14.3	M5 x 0.8	7.6	24	17.1
Size	Р		Q														
10	24	M3 x 0.	5 deptł	n 6													
15	29	M3 x 0.	5 deptł	ז ד 5													

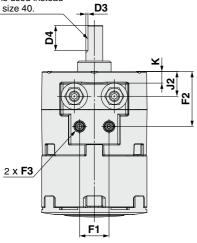
CRB - **B** Series

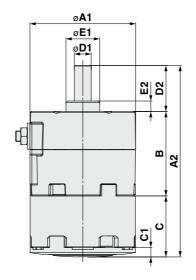
Dimensions: With Angle Adjustment Unit (20, 30, 40)

• Following figures show actuators when B port is pressurized.

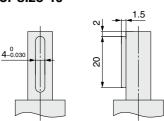


A parallel key is used instead of chamfer for size 40.

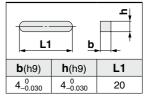


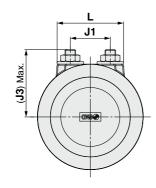


For size 40



Parallel key dimensions





[mm]

																	[]
Size		Α	в	C	;		D			E			F			J	
Size	A1	A2		С	C1	D1 (g7)	D2	D3	D4	E1 (h9)	E2	F1	F2	F3	J1	J2	J3
20	42	74	29	25	4	6 ^{-0.004}	20	0.5	10	14_0_0_143	4.5	13	18.3	M5 x 0.8	16	7.1	27.4
30	50	91	40	29	4.5	8 ^{-0.005} -0.020	22	1	12	16 _{-0.043}	5	14	26	M5 x 0.8	19	11.8	32.7
40	63	111.3	45	36.3	5	10 ^{-0.005}	30	—	—	25 _{-0.052}	6.5	20	31.1	M5 x 0.8	28	15.8	44.1
Size	к	L	Ρ		Q												
20	_	28	36	M4 x 0	.7 dept	h 7											
30	5.5	31.5	43	M5 x 0.	8 depth	n 10											
40	9.5	40	56	M5 x 0.	8 depth	n 10											
~~																	

Dimensions: With Vertical Auto Switch Unit and Angle Adjustment Unit (10, 15)

• Following figures show actuators when B port is pressurized.

14.6

17.1

10

15

24

29

M3 x 0.5 depth 6

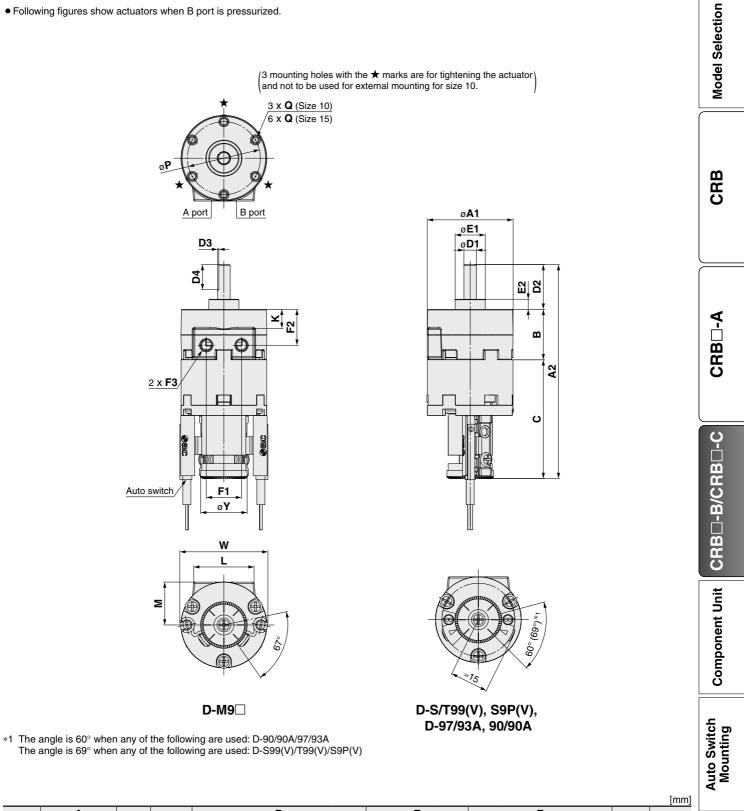
M3 x 0.5 depth 5

35

35

18.5

18.5



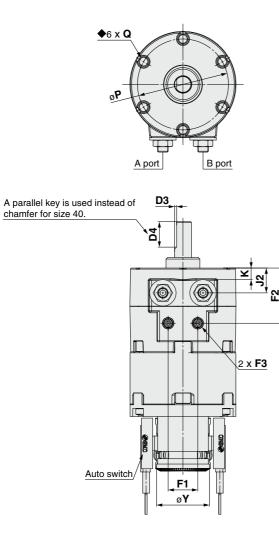
Size		Α	в	^			D			E			F		ĸ	
Size	A1	A2	Б		D1 (g	17)	D2	D3	D4	E1 (h9)	E2	F1	F2	F3	r.	L .
10	29	74.5	15	45.5	4-0.00	04 15	14	0.5	9	9_0.036	3	12	9.8	M5 x 0.8	3.6	19.8
15	34	85	20	47	5-0.00	04 16	18	0.5	10	12 _{-0.043}	4	14	14.3	M5 x 0.8	7.6	24
Size	м	Р		Q	w	Y										

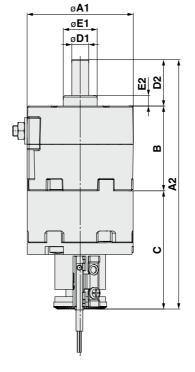
		SI	/C
--	--	----	----

CRB -C Series

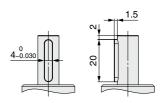
Dimensions: With Vertical Auto Switch Unit and Angle Adjustment Unit (20, 30, 40)

• Following figures show actuators when B port is pressurized.





For size 40

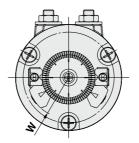


Parallel key dimensions

	b	–
b (h9)	h (h9)	L1
4_0.030	4_0_0_0	20

(J3) Max.	

D-M9□



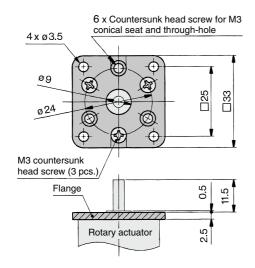
D-S/T79□, S7P, R73/80□

																						[mm]
Cizo		Α	в	с		D			Е			F	=		J		v		D	0	w	v
Size	A1	A2	D		D1 (g7)	D2	D3	D4	E1 (h9)	E2	F1	F2	F3	J1	J2	J3		L	F	Q	vv	T
20	42	100	29	51	6 ^{-0.004} -0.016	20	0.5	10	14_0_0_14_0_0_14_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0_0	4.5	13	18.3	M5 x 0.8	16	7.1	27.4	—	28	36	M4 x 0.7 depth 7	19.5	25
30	50	117.5	40	55.5	8 ^{-0.005} -0.020	22	1	12	16 _{-0.043}	5	14	26	M5 x 0.8	19	11.8	32.7	5.5	31.5	43	M5 x 0.8 depth 10	19.5	25
40	63	137.2	45	62.2	10 ^{-0.005} -0.020	30	—	—	25_0 _0.052	6.5	20	31.1	M5 x 0.8	28	15.8	44.1	9.5	40	56	M5 x 0.8 depth 10	22.5	31

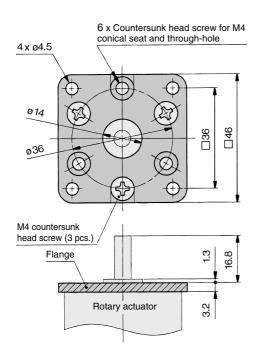
Vane Type Rotary Actuator CRB Series

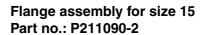
Flange Dimensions/Part Nos.

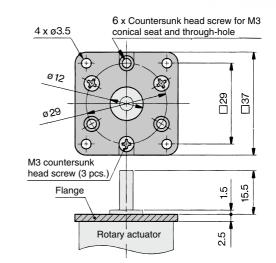
Flange assembly for size 10 Part no.: P211070-2



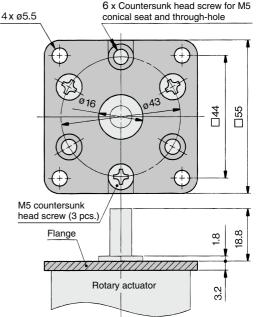








Flange assembly for size 30 Part no.: P211080-2



6 x Countersunk head screw for M5

Component Unit CRBD-B/CRBD-C

CRB -A

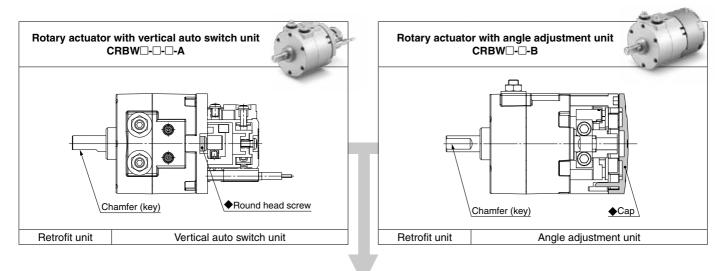
Model Selection

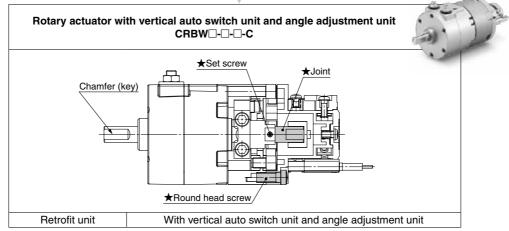
CRB

CRB Series Component Unit With Vertical Auto Switch Unit, Angle Adjustment Unit

With Vertical Auto Switch Unit and Angle Adjustment Unit

CRB Series Various units can be mounted to a vane type rotary actuator.





* The combination of the auto switch unit and angle adjustment unit is available as standard.

The items marked with ★ are additional parts required for connection (joint unit parts), and the items marked with \blacklozenge are unnecessary.

* Use a unit part number when ordering joint unit separately.

Part Number for Vertical Auto Switch Unit

	For D	-M9□	Excluding D-M9					
Size	Vertical auto switch unit*1	Switch block unit	Vertical auto switch unit	Switch blo	ock unit ^{*2}			
	vertical auto switch unit	Common to right-hand and left-hand	vertical auto switch unit	Right-hand	Left-hand			
10	P611070-1M	P811010-8M	P611070-1	P611070-8	P611070-9			
15	P611090-1M	F011010-0W	P611090-1	F011070-8	F011070-9			
20	P611060-1M	P811030-8M	P611060-1	D611	060.8			
30	P611080-1M	F811030-8M	P611080-1	FOIN	060-8			
40	P611010-1M	P811010-8M	P611010-1	P611010-8	P611010-9			

Part Number for Angle Adjustment Unit

Size	Angle adjustment unit	Vertical auto switch unit,	Angle adjustment unit*1	Joint unit ^{*3}
Size	Angle adjustment unit	For D-M9□	Excluding D-M9	Joint unit °
10	P811010-3	P811010-4M	P811010-4	P211070-10
15	P811020-3	P811020-4M	P811020-4	P211090-10
20	P811030-3	P811030-4M	P811030-4	P211060-10
30	P811040-3	P811040-4M	P811040-4	P211080-10
40	P811050-3	P811050-4M	P811050-4	P211010-10

*1 An auto switch will not be included, please order it separately.

*2 Auto switch unit comes with one right-hand and one left-hand switch blocks that are used for addition or when the switch block is damaged.

Since the solid state auto switch for sizes 10 and 15 requires no switch block, the unit part number will be the P211070-13.

*3 The joint unit is necessary when adding an angle adjustment unit to a vertical auto switch unit, or when adding a vertical auto switch unit to an angle adjustment unit.

CRB Series Auto Switch Mounting

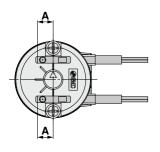
Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position (at Rotation End Detection)

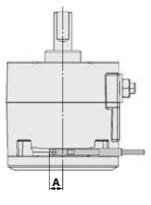
CDRB20, 30

Size: 20, 30, 40

CDRB10, 15

Size: 10, 15





	Solid state auto switch	
Size	D-M9□	
	Α	*
10	6	
15	6	
20	6	
30	6	
40	6	

Since the figures in the table on the left are provided as a guideline only, they cannot be guaranteed. Adjust the auto switch after confirming the operating conditions in the actual setting.

Proper tightening torque: 0.05 to 0.15 [N·m]

Operating Range and Hysteresis

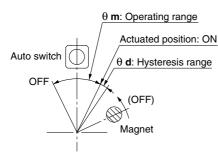
[mm]

* Operating range: θ m

The range is between the position where the auto switch turns ON as the magnet inside the auto switch unit moves rotationally and the position where the auto switch turns OFF as the magnet moves rotationally in the same direction.

* Hysteresis range: θ d

The range is between the position where the auto switch turns ON as the magnet inside the auto switch unit moves rotationally and the position where the auto switch turns OFF as the magnet moves rotationally in the opposite direction.



D-M9□

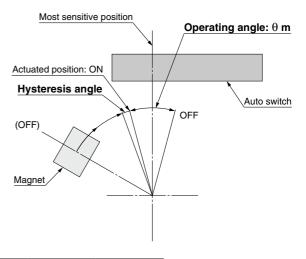
Size	θ m : Operating range	θ d: Hysteresis range
10, 15	170°	20°
20, 30	100°	15°
40	86°	10°

D-S/T99(V), S9P(V), S/T79□, S7P, D-97/93A, 90/90A, R73/80□

Size	θ m : Operating range	θ d: Hysteresis range
10, 15	110°	10°
20, 30	90°	10
40	52°	8°

* Since the figures in the table above are provided as a guideline only, they cannot be guaranteed. Adjust the auto switch after confirming the operating conditions in the actual setting.

Operating Angle and Hysteresis Angle



	Solid state auto switch	
Size		
	Operating angle [θ m]	Hysteresis angle
10	36°	5°
15	36°	5°
20	20°	5°
30	20°	5°
40	20°	5°

Since the figures in the table on the left are provided as a guideline only, they cannot be guaranteed. Adjust the auto switch after confirming the operating conditions in the actual setting.

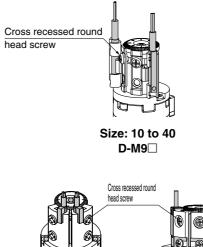
Proper tightening torque: 0.05 to 0.15 [N·m]

How to Change the Auto Switch Detecting Position

* When setting the detecting position, loosen the cross recessed round head screw a bit and move the auto switch to the preferred position and then tighten again and fix it. At this time, if tightened too much, screw can become damaged and unable to fix position.

Proper tightening torque: 0.4 to 0.6 [N·m]

When tightening the cross recessed round head screw, take care that the auto switch does not tilt.





Size: 20 to 40

D-S/T99(V), S9P(V), S/T79□, S7P, D-97/93A, 90/90A, R73/80□ **Component Unit**

Model Selection

CBB

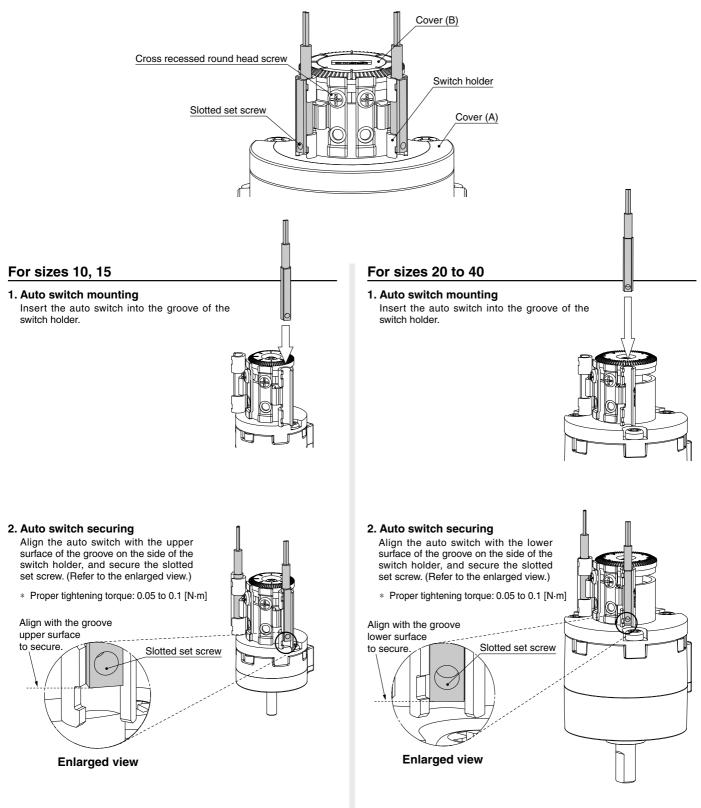
CRB -A

CRB B/CRB C

CRB - A/C Series

Auto Switch Mounting: Sizes 10 to 40 (D-M9)

External view and descriptions of auto switch unit



3. Switch holder securing

After the actuated position has been adjusted with the cross recessed round head screw, use the auto switch.

* When tightening the screw, take care that the auto switch does not tilt.

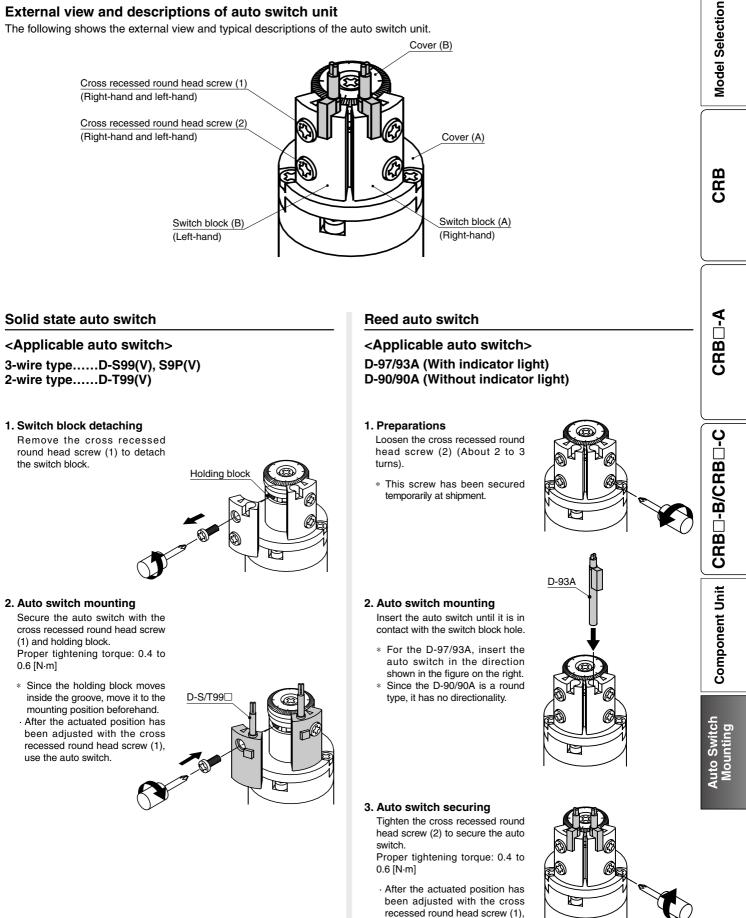
3. Switch holder securing

After the actuated position has been adjusted with the cross recessed round head screw, use the auto switch.

* When tightening the screw, take care that the auto switch does not tilt.

Auto Switch Mounting: Sizes 10, 15 (D-S/T99(V), S9P(V), 97/93A, 90/90A)

External view and descriptions of auto switch unit The following shows the external view and typical descriptions of the auto switch unit.



use the auto switch.

CRB - A/C Series

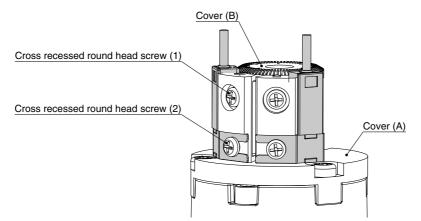
Auto Switch Mounting: Sizes 20 to 40 (D-S/T79, S7P, R73/80)

Reed auto switch

D-R73. R73C

D-R80, R80C

External view and descriptions of auto switch unit



Mounting Procedure

<Applicable auto switch> Solid state auto switch D-S79. S7P D-T79, T79C

1. Auto switch mounting Loosen the cross recessed round head screw (2), and insert the arm of the auto switch.

2. Auto switch securing

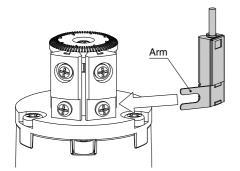
Set the auto switch so that it is in contact with the switch block, and tighten the cross recessed round head screw (2).

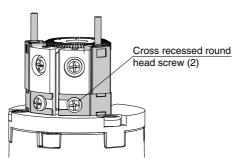
* Proper tightening torque: 0.4 to 0.6 [N·m]

3. Switch holder securing

After the actuated position has been adjusted with the cross recessed round head screw (1), use the auto switch.

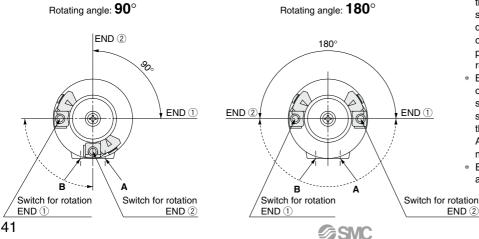
* Proper tightening torque: 0.4 to 0.6 [N·m]





Auto Switch Adjustment

Rotation range of the output shaft with single flat (key for size 40 only) and auto switch mounting position <Applicable models/Size: 10, 15, 20, 30, 40>



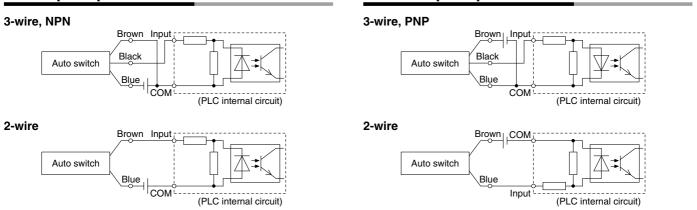
- * Solid-lined curves indicate the rotation range of the output shaft with single flat (key). When the single flat (key) is pointing to the END 1direction, the switch for rotation END ① will operate, and when the single flat (key) is pointing to the END 2 direction, the switch for rotation END (2) will operate.
- Broken-lined curves indicate the rotation range * of the built-in magnet. Operating angle of the switch can be decreased by either moving the switch for rotation END 1 clockwise or moving the switch for rotation END 2 counterclockwise. Auto switch in the figures on the left is at the most sensitive position.
- * Each auto switch unit comes with one right-hand and one left-hand switches.

END 2

Prior to Use Auto Switch Connections and Examples

Source Input Specifications

Sink Input Specifications

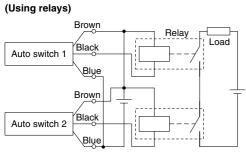


Connect according to the applicable PLC input specifications, as the connection method will vary depending on the PLC input specifications.

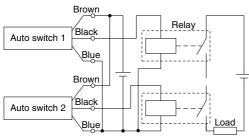
Examples of AND (Series) and OR (Parallel) Connections

When using solid state auto switches, ensure the application is set up so the signals for the first 50 ms are invalid. Depending on the operating environment, the product may not operate properly.

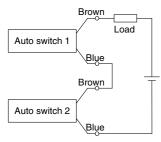
3-wire AND connection for NPN output



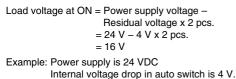
3-wire AND connection for PNP output (Using relays)



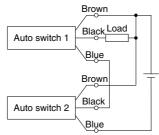
2-wire AND connection

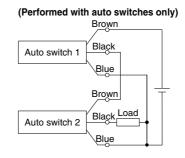


When two auto switches are connected in series, a load may malfunction because the load voltage will decline when in the ON state. The indicator lights will light up when both of the auto switches are in the ON state. Auto switches with a load voltage less than 20 V cannot be used.

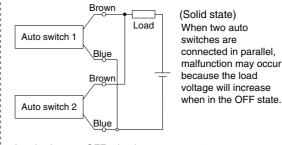


(Performed with auto switches only)

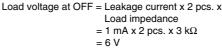




2-wire OR connection

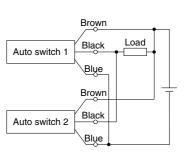


SMC

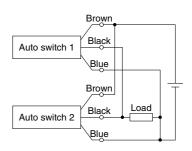


Example: Load impedance is 3 kΩ. Leakage current from auto switch is 1 mA.

3-wire OR connection for NPN output



3-wire OR connection for PNP output



(Reed)

Because there is no current leakage, the load voltage will not increase when turned OFF However, depending on the number of auto switches in the ON state, the indicator lights may sometimes grow dim or not light up, due to the dispersion and reduction of the current flowing to the auto switches.

Component Unit || CRB -B/CRB -C

Model Selection

CBB

CRB -A

CRB Series Specific Product Precautions

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to the back cover for safety instructions. For rotary actuator and auto switch precautions, refer to the "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" and the "Operation Manual" on the SMC website: http://www.smcworld.com

Single flat

How to Mount Loads

How to connect a load directly to a single flat shaft

To secure the load, select a bolt of an appropriate size from those listed in tables 1 and 2 by taking the shaft's single flat bearing stress strength into consideration.

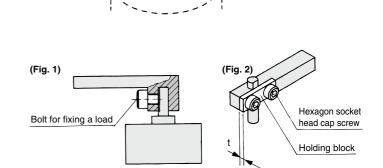
Table 1 Directly Fixed with Bolts (Refer to Fig. 1.)

Size	Shaft dia.	Bolt size	
10	4	M4 or larger	
15	5	ME or lorger	
20	6	M5 or larger	
30	8	M6 or larger	

Table 2 Fixed with a Holding Block (Refer to Fig. 2.)

		Ų	
Size	Shaft dia.	Bolt size	Plate thickness (t)
10	4	M3 or larger	2 or wider
15	5		2.3 or wider
20	6	M4 or larger	3.6 or wider
30	8	M5 or larger	4 or wider

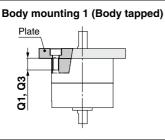
The plate thickness (t) in the table above indicates a reference value when a carbon steel is used. Besides, we do not manufacture a holding block.



Mounting

Refer to the table below when tightening the mounting bolts.

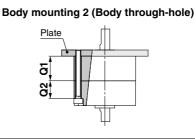
Mounting 1



Size	Bolt	Recommended tightening torque [N·m]
10	M3	0.63
15	M3	0.63
20	M4	1.50
30	M5	3.0
40	M5	3.0

* Refer to the Dimensions for Q1 and Q3 dimensions.

Mounting 2



Size	Bolt	Recommended tightening torque [N·m]
10	M2.5	0.36
15	M2.5	0.36
20	M3	0.63
30	M4	1.50
40	M4	1.50

* Refer to the Dimensions for Q1 and Q2 dimensions.

* Only for standard CRB without auto switch

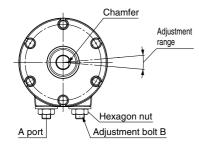
Adjustment

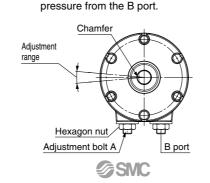
2. Set the adjustment bolt A while supplying

Do not apply a load when adjusting the rotating angle.

Example) For 180 degrees

 Set the adjustment bolt B while supplying pressure from the A port.





☆Recommended tightening torque for hexagon nut to fix the adjustment bolt Size 20: 1.5 N·m Sizes 30, 40: 3 N·m

▲ Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of "**Caution**," "**Warning**" or "**Danger**." They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards (ISO/IEC)^{*1}, and other safety regulations.

Caution: Caution indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

Warning: Warning indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

AWarning

1. The compatibility of the product is the responsibility of the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications.

Since the product specified here is used under various operating conditions, its compatibility with specific equipment must be decided by the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications based on necessary analysis and test results. The expected performance and safety assurance of the equipment will be the responsibility of the person who has determined its compatibility with the product. This person should also continuously review all specifications of the product referring to its latest catalog information, with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring the equipment.

2. Only personnel with appropriate training should operate machinery and equipment.

The product specified here may become unsafe if handled incorrectly. The assembly, operation and maintenance of machines or equipment including our products must be performed by an operator who is appropriately trained and experienced.

- 3. Do not service or attempt to remove product and machinery/ equipment until safety is confirmed.
 - The inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed after measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been confirmed.
 - 2. When the product is to be removed, confirm that the safety measures as mentioned above are implemented and the power from any appropriate source is cut, and read and understand the specific product precautions of all relevant products carefully.
 - Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent unexpected operation and malfunction.

4. Contact SMC beforehand and take special consideration of safety measures if the product is to be used in any of the following conditions.

- 1. Conditions and environments outside of the given specifications, or use outdoors or in a place exposed to direct sunlight.
- 2. Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railways, air navigation, space, shipping, vehicles, military, medical treatment, combustion and recreation, or equipment in contact with food and beverages, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, safety equipment or other applications unsuitable for the standard specifications described in the product catalog.
- An application which could have negative effects on people, property, or animals requiring special safety analysis.
- 4. Use in an interlock circuit, which requires the provision of double interlock for possible failure by using a mechanical protective function, and periodical checks to confirm proper operation.

- *1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power General rules relating to systems. ISO 4413: Hydraulic fluid power – General rules relating to systems.
 - IEC 60204-1: Safety of machinery Electrical equipment of machines. (Part 1: General requirements)
 - ISO 10218-1: Manipulating industrial robots Safety. etc.

 The product is provided for use in manufacturing industries. The product herein described is basically provided for peaceful use in manufacturing industries. If considering using the product in other industries, consult SMC beforehand

and exchange specifications or a contract if necessary. If anything is unclear, contact your nearest sales branch.

Limited warranty and Disclaimer/ Compliance Requirements

The product used is subject to the following "Limited warranty and Disclaimer" and "Compliance Requirements".

Read and accept them before using the product.

Limited warranty and Disclaimer

- The warranty period of the product is 1 year in service or 1.5 years after the product is delivered, whichever is first.*2) Also, the product may have specified durability, running distance or replacement parts. Please consult your nearest sales branch.
- 2. For any failure or damage reported within the warranty period which is clearly our responsibility, a replacement product or necessary parts will be provided. This limited warranty applies only to our product independently, and not to any other damage incurred due to the failure of the product.
- 3. Prior to using SMC products, please read and understand the warranty terms and disclaimers noted in the specified catalog for the particular products.
 - *2) Vacuum pads are excluded from this 1 year warranty. A vacuum pad is a consumable part, so it is warranted for a year after it is delivered. Also, even within the warranty period, the wear of a product due to the use of the vacuum pad or failure due to the deterioration of rubber material are not covered by the limited warranty.

Compliance Requirements

- 1. The use of SMC products with production equipment for the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) or any other weapon is strictly prohibited.
- 2. The exports of SMC products or technology from one country to another are governed by the relevant security laws and regulations of the countries involved in the transaction. Prior to the shipment of a SMC product to another country, assure that all local rules governing that export are known and followed.

SMC products are not intended for use as instruments for legal metrology.

Measurement instruments that SMC manufactures or sells have not been qualified by type approval tests relevant to the metrology (measurement) laws of each country. Therefore, SMC products cannot be used for business or certification ordained by the metrology (measurement) laws of each country.

A Safety Instructions Be sure to read the "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) and "Operation Manual" before use.



www.smc.com.mx

SMC Corporation (México) S.A. de C.V. informacion.tecnica@smcmx.com.mx

© 2020 SMC CORPORATION MEXICO. Derechos Reservados Todas las especificaciones incluidas en este catálogo están sujetas a cambio sin previo aviso.

